The Columbian.

VOL. 37. BLOOMSBURG, PA. THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1902. NO. 5

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

A meeting of the Democratic voters of the town was held in Town Hall on Thursday evening last, to nominate candidates to be voted for at the coming election. The attendance was unusually large and included many representative citizens who were drawn there by a desire to secure the selection of good men for the several places. It is quite evident that the people of this town, while ever ready to rebuke extravagance, are willing to give fair compensation for services properly rendered by competent men. They are not looking after "Cheap Johns" who will do the public work the cheapest, regardless of qualifications.

The meeting was called to order by F. D. Dentler, and John G. Harman Esq. was unaminously chosen as chairman. J. K. Bittenbender and W. L. Eyerly were elected secretaries.

The names of John R. Townsend and Geo. A. Herring were presented as candidates for President of Council. A vote was taken and Mr. Townsend received 177 votes, and Mr. Herring 35. Mr. Townsend was declared the nominee.

Four persons were named for council. The vote was as follows:

Charles Reimard	147
Josiah H. Giger	190
John Cox	152
Wm. Kashner	121

Reimard, Giger and Cox were declared the nominees.

For School Director the names of C. A. Kleim, C. L. Cronin and A. C. DeSheppard were presented. The vote was as follows:

C. A. Kleim	143
C. L. Cronin	43
A. C. DeSheppard	53

Kleim was declared the winner. Mr. DeSheppard's name was presented without his knowledge, the fight being between Kleim and Cronin. Kleim got there by more than three to one.

Miles Betz was nominated for constable without opposition.

For Auditor P. H. Freeze, C. R. Housel and Dr. T. C. Harter were named. Freeze received 110 votes, Housel 98 and Harter 60. The first two were declared nominated.

The following persons were nominated for officers of the several election districts:

FIRST DISTRICT—Elmer McBride, Judge of Election; William J. Knorr, Inspector of Election; Clinton C. Furman, Registry Assessor.

SECOND DISTRICT—George Yost, Judge of Election; Harry Giger, Inspector of Election; R. C. Welliver, Registry Assessor.

THIRD DISTRICT—W. F. Stohner, Judge of Election; T. T. Freeze, Inspector of Election; Harry M. Fine, Registry Assessor.

FOURTH DISTRICT—John Fry, Judge of Election; Wellington Kashner, Inspector of Election; J. T. Tracy, Registry Assessor.

The chairman and secretaries were empowered to fill all vacancies that may arise from any cause.

D. R. Coffman and Freeze Quick were appointed tellers on the School Director vote. There was no question raised at the meeting as to the honesty of the count, and no doubt but that a count of heads would have resulted the same. The number of votes cast for President of Council was 212, and for School Director 239, but this is accounted for by the fact that quite a number of people came in after the vote for President, but in time to vote for School director. Everything was fair, and the meeting was a most harmonious one.

LICENSE CASES.

On Saturday the Court disposed of the license cases that had been held under advisement. On a rule to show cause why James Fairman's license at Berwick should not be revoked, the rule was made absolute, and license revoked.

In matter of S. K. Heller and S. H. Williams, Berwick, licenses granted.

Application of C. S. Taylor, for Buckhorn Hotel, and C. F. Crawford, Lightstreet, both refused.

Licenses of W. H. Gilmore and P. B. Heddens, in Bloomsburg, were granted.

Prohibition Convention.

Owing to the storm and high water on January 22d, the day appointed for the Convention of the Prohibition party of Columbia county, said convention was postponed to Saturday, February 1st, 1902, to be held in the hall of the I. O. O. F., in Espy, at two o'clock p. m.

W. J. BEIDLEMAN, Sec'y.

—THE—

Bloomsburg National Bank

bases all its business with its patrons on the underlying principle of mutual interest, which is carefully conserved in all transactions. This commands respect because it is right, and from this standpoint alone can come that ideal relation that ought to exist between a bank and its customers.

—o—

A. Z. SCHOCH, PRESIDENT. WM. H. HIDLAY, CASHIER.

THE FACTS IN THE CASE.

Just before the opening of the Mock Trial at the Opera House last Friday evening, it was announced that Dr. Aldinger had sent word only a few moments before, that he would not be present to take part in the trial. This of itself would have required no explanation or comment, but for the statement in the *Daily* on Saturday that this announcement was received by the audience *with disgust*. That there was any disgust shown by the audience is untrue, and the statement was unnecessary even if it had been true. There were many people present who know Dr. Aldinger too well to believe that he would, without cause or reason, abandon his part at the last moment. He has on many occasions shown his willingness to assist in entertainments for charitable or public purposes, and his general character and reputation will bear us out in the statement that he is not a man who is influenced by the whims of a moment, or who would do what might have the appearance of a mean act.

Dr. Aldinger has asked for no vindication. He did not feel that he had done anything that required him to make a defense to this charge, even though he had declined to stand as the defendant in the rooster case. Feeling that an injustice had been done Dr. Aldinger we asked him for his statement of the facts and he informs us that he never agreed to take part in the mock trial, but had positively stated a month ago that he would not do so. On Friday, the night of the show, he was called by telephone to the Opera House at 6 p. m., after the rehearsal had taken place, and he then informed Col. Newton that he had an engagement for the evening and could not be present there unless he could change his arrangements. Finding this impossible he sent word by messenger that he would not be there, and Col. Newton replied that if he "didn't come an announcement would be made to the audience that wouldn't do him (Aldinger) any good." Mr. Ikeler, not knowing of the conversation between Dr. Aldinger and Col. Newton, was given to understand that the former had promised to be there, and then failed to appear, and with this understanding he made the announcement, very naturally feeling somewhat annoyed.

It is unfortunate that anything should have occurred to mar the pleasure of the occasion, and we feel sure that this presentation of Dr. Aldinger's side of the case is all that is necessary to show the public that he deserved no censure for his action in the matter.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

THE ORGANIZATION IN A VERY PROSPEROUS CONDITION.

Last year was a big year for the Royal Arcanum. The net gain in membership was 21,417, and the total membership at the close of the year was 231,491. The emergency fund now amounts to $1,556,742.70. The mortuary liabilities on December 31 were $712,233.36, and the current resources to meet them were $1,193,719 82. The excess of assets over all liabilities is $2,038,229.16. Pennsylvania stands second, with a membership of 27,282. There are 1921 councils. Bloomsburg Council has a membership of 121. It meets in the Knights of Malta Hall. It is a good thing. Did you ever look it up?

Dr. Paul F. Peck, of the Normal School, lectured at the Dorranceton High School last evening, subject, "The Progressive Element in American History."

CANNING FACTORIES.

Last year and for several years past, a number of canning factories were organized. The one which was started here in the match factory property, is advertised at Sheriff's sale. It never got started, but 'died a-bornin'." It is not the only one, however, that did not succeed. The following is taken from the Tunkhannock *Democrat*.

"Our canning factory here is likely to "go to the wall" because of the debts hanging over the concern. There was too heavy an investment in cans—$10,000 worth—which will last for many years, and the business last year was light because of the shortness of the canning crops. But if it can weather the storm for a few years it would probably come out all right. Here are encouraging words from an exchange on this industry: The canning factories started so extensively throughout Pennsylvania and adjoining states have not, as a rule, proven successful enterprises. People do not understand that it costs a great deal of money to establish a business of any kind. Concerns that start under the most favoring circumstances rarely ever make any money until they have been in existence two or more years."

REV. J. J. MUNRO'S LECTURE.

Dr. Welsh was not to blame. He took the word of the Lecture Bureau for it, and got faked. The bureau that manages Munro ought to go out of the business. If it manages Munro a little while, it probably will go out of business. A more fatigued audience probably never sat in the Auditorium. Up to Monday night Ernest Seton Thompson held the belt for being the poorest lecturer ever heard here. Now it is different. Munro has been here. His so-called lecture was a very poor sermon, poorly delivered. He didn't know it, and could scarcely read it from his manuscript, though the stage was rather dark, as a lecturer and not a reader, was expected. As we said before, don't blame the management. Mr. Munro was highly recommended by what was believed to be a reliable authority, and he cost the course just as much as a real lecturer could have been procured for. No one regrets the mistake more than the managers of the Student's Lecture Course.

[READ MY AD ON 5TH PAGE.]

Big Stock of

ROGERS' Knives and Forks and Tea Spoons

which I will sell at prices very low in order to reduce stock before I move.

March 24, 1902 I will occupy the store room in the Ent building which is now Rishton's Drug Store.

—o—

J. Lee Martin,
Jeweler.

Telephone 1842.

BEN GIDDING.

REMOVAL SALE!

WE TAKE POSSESSION
OF THE
Lockard Building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.,
MARCH 1st.
AND WOULD RATHER SELL
Our Goods at Cost
THAN MOVE THEM.

BEN GIDDING,
THE CLOTHIER.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

MISS ELIZABETH BARKLEY.

After an illness of several months Miss Lizzie Barkley died last Saturday morning at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Hester Barton, where she and her mother had resided for some years past. Her aged mother still survives. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon by Rev. D. N. Kirkby of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, of which Miss Barkley had been for many years a consistent and earnest member. She was a daughter of Iddings Barkley, and had been for a long time engaged in the millinery business. Her age was sixty years.

VISITING CARDS.

The latest styles in type for visiting cards can be seen at this office. By a change in the arrangement of our show case, ladies can order cards in the front office without going back into the work shop. Call and see samples. tf.

Removal!

J. G. WELLS will remove his hardware store to room now occupied by Ben Gidding, about

March 9, 1902.

All goods not in the staple line will be sold at

REDUCED * PRICES

rather than move them.

—o—

J. G. WELLS,
GENERAL HARDWARE.

The Leader Dep't Store.

5 Per Cent. 5 Per Cent.

We have been telling you we want double the business for 1902 that you gave us in 1901.

WE'RE GOING INTO

The Banking Business
AND WILL PAY

5 Per Ct. Per Month on Deposits.

IMPOSSIBLE!—Oh, no! Here's our plan, briefly. Full particulars in our circulars:

Trade with us and we furnish you with a deposit book of the Leader Bank. Every purchase you make is entered to your credit in your book. At the end of the month we give you

5 Per Ct. on the Amt. so Purchased.

You can take this 5 per cent. credit and with it purchase anything to that amount in the store. We do not say to you that you have to buy a chair or a lamp that you may not want. If you have a credit of $1 00 take it and buy a dollar's worth of sugar, or potatoes, or muslin, or anything else you may want.

HERE'S 3 BIG POINTS:
GOODS RIGHT,
PRICES RIGHT, AND
5 Per Cent. Interest on Everything You Buy.

Bank opens for business Feb. 8th.

—o—

THE
Leader Dep't Store,
Fourth and Market Sts.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

—o—

5 Per Cent. 5 Per Cent.

A DYNAMITE HORROR

Six Killed and One Hundred Injured In New York.

EXPLOSION IN RAPID TRANSIT TUNNEL

Big Hotels, Private Residences and Hospitals Wrecked In the Murray Hill Section—Grand Central Station Also Suffers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Dynamite cartridges in a frail shanty on a platform over the west shaft of section 4 of the subway tunnel in Park avenue just south of Forty-first street exploded hrough a fire which started among aper in the shanty just after noon esterday with fatal, maiming and inuring results and wide destruction of roperty. Six persons were killed by he disaster, and more than 125 were njured, few, however, of them having more serious hurts than cuts inflicted by glass or wreckage.

In the gloom of the dust cloud created by the liberation of Titanic energy the results of the disaster became gradually apparent. Not a window remained intact on the Park avenue front of the Murray Hill hotel, and few windows were unbroken on its Forty-first street front. Farther south the mansion of William H. Payne, 98 Park avenue, had its windows shattered and driven in. Opposite the Murray Hill hotel the Wells and Gerard apartment house was in equally sorry condition, the Manhattan Eye and Ear hospital was rendered unfit for the occupancy of patients, the Grand Union hotel could not, so far as its windows, entrances and facade adornments were concerned, have suffered less from a bombardment, and the Forty-second street front of the Grand Central station had not only all its windows destroyed, but the clocks in its towers were blown into them.

There were other and farreaching results of the explosion. Windows were broken in Thirty-sixth street as far east as Third avenue and west in Madison avenue and in East Forty-seventh street. The wonder of the day was the east wall of the Lincoln Safe Deposit company and National bank. It stood the shock so well that not a brick was displaced, and in the entire building not more than a score of windows were broken. Substantial damage was done to a dozen houses in East Forty-second street.

Every drug store in the neighborhood was turned into a temporary hospital. Those capable of giving first aid to the injured were in great demand. Many men and women seriously injured, unconscious of their hurts, went about giving assistance to others, to be reminded later of their own wounds.

Responsibility for the terrible accident has not yet been placed, although five arrests have been made. The authorities were prompt in acting and positive in their assertions that those upon whom guilt rests will be brought to account.

Despite the terrible results of the explosion reasons are found for public congratulation that it was not worse. It occurred a few moments after noon. Had it been just a bit earlier scores of workmen would have been swept to death by the blast. A little later and the dining room of the Murray Hill hotel, that was literally riddled, would have been filled.

The explosion was one of the worst catastrophes that has ever visited the city and will be put down as one of the calamities foremost in the destruction of property. Conservative estimates place the damage to property in the neighborhood of $1,000,000.

Large Endowment For Cooper Union.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Announcement is made that ex-Mayor Edward Cooper, his sister, Miss Sarah Amelia Cooper, and ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt and his family have given $600,000 as an endowment fund to Cooper Union. This announcement was made by Mr. Hewitt shortly after he had confirmed the report that Andrew Carnegie last week gave $300,000, also as an endowment fund, to the same institution. This is Mr. Carnegie's second gift to Cooper Union, the first one, made about two years ago, being of a like amount. Thus Cooper Union is $900,000 richer than it was two years ago.

Kruger Not Able to Come.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 28.—The rumors that Mr. Kruger, having received invitations from Chicago, New York and Philadelphia to visit those cities, would probably start upon an American tour next April arose from the efforts of some pro-Boers who are anxious energetically to further their propaganda in the United States, and it is probable that some Boer delegates will start for America in the spring, but unless there occurs a material improvement in the health of Mr. Kruger it will be physically impossible for him to be a member of this party.

Boer Laager Surprised.

PRETORIA, Jan. 28.—General Bruce Hamilton by a clever night march surprised a laager between Ermele and Bethel, in the Transvaal Colony, and charged the Boers, who fled in all directions and were pursued many miles by the British. As a result of this expedition eighty-two Boers and a quantity of stores were captured. The casualties were small.

Son of President Tyler Dead.

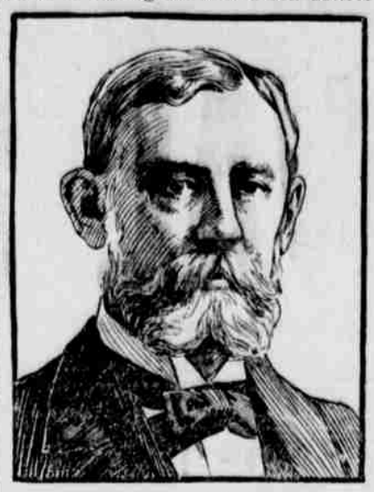
NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Dr. Lachlan Tyler, son of John Tyler, tenth president of the United States, and brother to the president of William and Mary college, is dead in this city from appendicitis. Dr. Tyler, who was fifty years old, had been connected with the department of health for several years. The interment will be at Richmond, Va.

SENATOR SEWELL'S SUCCESSOR.

New Jersey Republicans Chose John F. Dryden.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 24.—The Republican caucus to select a candidate for United States senator to be supported during the present session of the legislature to succeed the late General Sewell selected on the nineteenth ballot John F. Dryden of Newark, president of the Prudential Insurance company. Mr. Dryden on the nineteenth ballot received exactly the necessary thirty-two votes.

On the first ballot Mr. Dryden received 19 votes, Mr. Griggs 15, Mr. Stokes 11, Mr. Gardner 5 and Mr. Gummere 7. During the first dozen ballots



JOHN F. DRYDEN.

the votes of Messrs. Gardner, Baird and Gummere fluctuated a good deal, while the vote of Mr. Griggs remained stationary and that of Mr. Dryden increased to 24, and the vote of Mr. Stokes went up and down as the supporters of the other three south Jersey candidates voted either for him or their own particular favorite.

The balloting continued in this way until the close of the seventeenth ballot, when the south Jersey members held a conference, and all decided to go to Stokes. The eighteenth ballot resulted in Mr. Dryden getting 24 votes, Mr. Stokes 24 and Mr. Griggs 15. As the roll call for the nineteenth ballot was concluded the total stood Dryden 31, Stokes 29 and Griggs 3. Senator Cross of Union, one of the three Griggs men, changed his vote and gave Mr. Dryden the necessary 32 votes.

The vote was at once made unanimous. The Republicans have a majority on joint ballot of forty-five votes, which assures the election of Mr. Dryden, as the caucus action is binding.

TAX MEASURES DISCUSSED.

Krum Bill Severely Amended by New York Senate Committee.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 29.—For several hours yesterday afternoon the senate committee on taxation and retrenchment deliberated on the two principal tax measures now pending in the legislature, the Krum bill taxing foreign corporations and the Stranahan mortgage tax bill. The Krum bill was amended in so many important particulars that little remains of the original measure.

The foreign corporation tax bill is amended so that domestic and foreign corporations, with the exception of transportation and transmission companies, are placed on the same footing. The organization tax for domestic corporations is reduced from one-twentieth of 1 per cent to one-fiftieth of 1 per cent.

The license fee for foreign corporations, which answers to the domestic corporations' organization tax, is reduced from one-eighth to one-fiftieth of 1 per cent.

The dividend tax on all corporations, excepting transportation and transmission companies, is wiped out entirely. In its place is a direct tax on the capital stock of one-tenth of 1 per cent on the first three millions, one-twentieth of 1 per cent on the next two millions, up to and including five millions, and $50 per million for the balance.

"In other words," said Senator Krum in explaining the amendments that had been made, "the provisions are substantially those in the New Jersey law, and I think they are exactly the same provisions."

RAILWAY OFFICIALS BLAMED.

New York Central Responsible For Tunnel Disaster, Says Jury.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—After deliberating three hours and seven minutes the coroner's jury impaneled for the inquest into the Park avenue tunnel disaster brought in a verdict placing responsibility for the loss of life squarely upon the management of the New York Central railroad.

Both John M. Wisker, engine driver, and Edward Filer, his fireman, were freed from custody, and Coroner Scholer declared their bail bonds discharged. Wisker had been held in $10,000 bail and Filer in half that sum.

Dole's Resignation Desired.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Post says that Secretary Hitchcock has forwarded a letter to Sanford B. Dole, governor of Hawaii, intimating that the governor's resignation was desired. Governor Dole's term of four years will not expire until May, 1904, but his continued poor health has given rise to many rumors that he was about to resign.

Two Hundred Frozen In Japan.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The Tokyo correspondent of The Daily Express cables that over 200 soldiers have been frozen to death in northern Japan.

Pension For Mrs. McKinley.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The senate has passed the bill giving a pension of $5,000 a year to Mrs. McKinley, beginning Sept. 14, 1901.

ATE RAW DOG MEAT.

Captain Porter and His Men Delirious From Starvation.

A TERRIBLE TALE OF SUFFERING.

Full Particulars of Horrors of the Samar Expedition Not Yet Obtainable Owing to Leader's Prostration.

MANILA, Jan. 29.—General Chaffee curtailed his trip and has returned here. He says he found the conditions apparently satisfactory everywhere except at Samar, where continuous rain during the past two months has retarded the campaign, especially against such an elusive enemy.

The condition of Captain David D. Porter's marines who took part in the expedition into the interior of Samar is much worse than previously described. They suffered fearful hardships and were without food for several days. The natives who accompanied the marines claimed they were unable to distinguish the edible roots, which the marines did not believe. The anger of the marines against the natives is intense. None of the latter returned with the marines.

The marines suffered so acutely from starvation that they ate the raw flesh of two dogs.

When Captain Porter and the first three of his men staggered into camp, they were delirious, and difficulty was experienced in ascertaining the whereabouts of their companions.

Williams of the First infantry headed the relief expedition in the face of a torrential rainstorm which flooded the rivers. He succeeded in reaching the remaining ten men, who would otherwise have certainly perished. He found them all delirious. Two of the men were discovered in the branches of trees barking like dogs. Some of the marines are so ill that they are not likely to recover.

General Chaffee has endeavored to obtain full details of the trip of the marines, but Captain Porter is not yet able to lucidly explain matters.

The expedition into the interior of Samar led by Captain David D. Porter of the marine corps numbered thirty-six men. It had been absent two weeks. The marines had been provided with rations for only five days. On Jan. 21 Captain Porter and twenty-six members of his party reached the coast of the island of Samar. The other ten men were missing, and little hope of their safety was entertained.

Captives Not Released.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The state department has received a dispatch from the United States representatives in Turkey regarding the case of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary held captive by brigands, and her companion, Mme. Tsilka. Its contents were disappointing, the captives not having been released, as was hoped would be the case from the manner in which the negotiations looking to that end had been progressing lately. Officials are averse to discussing the case freely, but it is understood the hesitation of the brigands in bringing the matter to a prompt conclusion is due to their distrust of the attitude assumed by the Turkish authorities. The ransom money demanded has not yet been paid.

Fatal Rochester Fire.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 29.—A four story brick building at 15 Caledonia avenue, occupied by the Rochester Machine and Screw company and W. H. Hutchison & Co., carriage trimmings, and the Brighton Manufacturing company, was totally destroyed by fire last evening. The loss is roughly estimated at between $50,000 and $60,000, practically covered by insurance. Eight firemen who were near the walls of the building when the roof suddenly fell in were buried under a mass of brick and iron and all badly injured. One of the men died a few minutes after his rescue from the mass of wreckage, and two others were taken out in a critical condition and may die.

Summoned Before Governor Odell.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Sheriff Charles Guden of Kings county has been summoned by Governor Odell to appear before him in the executive chamber on Feb. 4 at 10 a. m. to answer charges preferred against him by Thomas G. Piper and another. The charge is that he entered into an agreement with Michael J. Dady whereby, if elected, Dady was to name the subordinates in the office and that Guden was to pay over to Dady all salary, fees and emoluments of his office in excess of $12,000 per year.

Rockefeller Gives $100,000.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse university makes the announcement that John D. Rockefeller has given $100,000 to the university to be added to the endowment fund. John D. Archbold had previously given $400,000 on condition that the university raise a like amount.

Island Treaty Signed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The treaty of cession of the Danish West India islands from Denmark to the United States was signed at the state department yesterday by Secretary Hay and Constantine Brun, the Danish minister. The treaty will be submitted to the senate for ratification immediately.

Assurance Company Burned Out.

MONTREAL, Jan. 29.—Fire has completely gutted the Guardian Assurance company's building on St. James street. Twenty firms of lawyers, architects, etc., had offices in the building and lost all their effects. The total loss is placed at $100,000, well insured.

SHE HAD THE LAST WORD.

Her Husband Tried to Pacify Her by Wire But Made a Failure of It.

"It is proverbial that woman will always have the last word," said the confiding man, "and my wife is no exception from the rest, as I have discovered to my cost.

"We started to visit some friends the other day who live some distance from here, and, after seeing her aboard the train, I went to buy some cigars. The result was that I lost my train, my wife going on without me. Wiring her, in charge of the conductor, not to worry and that I would follow on the next train, I made the best of the situation.

"It wasn't long before I received her answer, and then followed a string of incoherent messages from every station where the train stopped. Seeing bankruptcy staring me in the face if the flood of collect messages didn't cease, I seized a telegraph blank and wired her in the name of heaven to stop sending me so many messages.

"In the innocence of my soul," continued the confiding man, according to the Detroit Free Press, "I supposed that settled it. But it didn't. In due time I received an answer from her that read: 'Why?'"

CANNOT BREED SWANS.

All Efforts at the New York Zoo Have Resulted in Failure.

All efforts to breed swans at the zoo have failed. Frequently the females have deposited eggs in their nests, but it takes a long time to hatch a swan's egg, and there are so many people and so much excitement to distract the birds' attention that the maternal instinct has not proven sufficiently strong.

Superintendent Brown, in speaking of this the other day, drew a comparison between English and American people which was not flattering to the latter, says the Philadelphia Record. "In England," he said, "the people in general, even the small boys, seem to feel a great interest in the lower order of animals. In America it is just the reverse. Here the spirit of destruction seems dominant. Take, for instance, a swan's nest. Instead of being nurtured and watched and carefully guarded against harm, as would be the case in England, it would be the target for mischievous and destructive persons. It seems to be a characteristic of the American people."

NOW LOOK OUT!

"Take care of yourself," say our friends. "I'll try to," we answer. We do take a little care, yet in spite of warm clothes, rubbers and mackintoshes, an army of people were bowled out by pneumonia and other lung and chest diseases last winter. They caught cold, neglected it, let it fix upon them, were torn by coughs, choked by inflammations and congestions, wasted by fever, tired out by pain and then gave up the fight. The hour you realize that you have a cold on the chest, place a Benson's Porous Plaster where the pain or oppression is felt. If you think two are needed make it two. No harm if you were covered with them. They act quickly and prevent the engorgment of blood in the organs. In this way—with ordinary caution as to exposure—you will break up the cold and avoid a serious sickness. No other applications, or any other form of treatment, will accomplish this as certainly and speedily. Benson's Plasters have a distinct and positive action and are curative to the highest degree. Use them with the same confidence for coughs, muscular rheumatism, the grip (back and chest) and all similar ailments. Women, who are chief sufferers from cold weather complaints, should keep these plasters always within reach. Get the genuine. All druggists, or we will prepay postage on any number ordered in the United States on receipt of 25c. each.
Seabury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N.Y.

A Gift for the Duchess.

The women of Ottawa presented to the duchess of York upon the occasion of the royal visit to the capital a gift that is thoroughly typical of Canada. It is a cape of the finest mink procurable. The collar and flare around the edges will be lined with ermine, while the body of the cape will be lined with white satin. The garment, which reaches to the knee, is fastened with gold clasps fashioned in the form of a maple leaf, the emblem of the dominion. The gold for these clasps comes from the Canadian Yukon.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	RETAIL PRICES.
Butter, per pound	$ 24
Eggs, per dozen	26
Lard, per pound	14
Ham, per pound	14
Beef (quarter), per pound	6 to 8
Wheat, per bushel	1 00
Oats, do	65
Rye, do	60
Flour per bbl.	4 40
Hay, per ton	14 00
Potatoes, (new), per bushel	1 10
Turnips, do	40
Tallow, per pound	05
Shoulder, do	10
Side meat, do	09
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples, per pound	06
Cow hides, do	3½
Steer do do	05
Calf skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn, per bushel	90
Corn meal, cwt	2 00
Bran, cwt.	1 40
Chop, cwt.	1 50
Middlings, cwt.	1 40
Chickens, per pound, new	10
do do old	10
Geese, do	12½
Ducks, do	12
do	08

COAL.

Number 6, delivered	3 50
do 4 and 5 delivered,	4 40
do 6, at yard.	3 15
do 4 and 5, at yard	4 25

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.
DEALERS IN
Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco
Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars·
Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash
Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
CARPET, MATTING,
or OIL CLOTH,
YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT
W. H. BROWER'S
2 Doors above Court House
A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

TRUSS FREE THE U. S. GOVERNMENT, Jan. 30th, granted a patent for a truss that does away with all old-fashioned ideas—an absolute perfect truss that holds rupture with comfort. To introduce it quickly the inventor will give away 100 in each State. He don't ask, expect or want money—it's free. H. C. Co., 23 Main St., Westbrook, Maine. 1 30d4t.

When a fellow falls in love with himself he seldom gets over it.

THOSE WORRYING PILES.—One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of blind, bleeding, or itching piles. Dr Agnew's Ointment cures eczema and all itching and burning skin diseases. It acts like magic. 35 cents. 8
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

One pugilist seldom strikes another favorably.

THIS WILL INTEREST MOTHERS.—Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, cure feverishness, bad stomach, teething disorders, break up colds, move and regulate the bowels and desiroy worms. They never fail. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. (30

A PLEASANT DUTY—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. Jas. Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefitted me in five minutes. 50c.
Sold by C. A. Kleim. 5

A SENSIBLE MAN would use Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs. It is curing more coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, croup and all throat and lung troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a sample bottle free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Price, 25c. and 50c. (d16

It's all well enough to take things into your own hands, provided they don't belong to some one else.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

It's better to laugh over your own jokes than to cry over your own misfortunes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart acts directly and quickly, stimulates the heart's action, stops most acute pain, dispels all signs of weakness, fluttering, sinking, smothering or palpitation. This wonderful cure is the sturdy ship which carries the heartsick patient into the haven of radiant and perfect health. Gives relief in most acute forms of heart disease in 30 minutes.
Sold by C. A. Kleim. 6

Some people feather their nests with borrowed plumes.

Strong evidence sustains the popular verdict that Ely's Cream Balm is worth its weight in gold. Trial size, 10 cents. Full size, 50 cents. Sold by druggists and mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

Proberta, Cal.
Messrs. Ely Bros:—I have been afflicted with catarrh for twenty years. It made me so weak I thought I had consumption. I got one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and in three days the discharge stopped. It is the best medicine I have used for catarrh.
Very truly, FRANK E. KINDLESPIRE.

It is estimated that of the whole population of the globe about 90,000 die every day.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease. It rests the feet. Cures corns, bunions, ingrowing nails, swollen and sweating feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Ask to-day. 1 30d4t.

The vaudeville performer sometimes gets to be a crank from doing too many turns.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, January 24, 1902.

When Representative Cannon, of Illinois, introduced in the House on Monday his "urgent deficiency bill" carrying an appropriation of $500,000 for the establishment of a military post at Manila, he little realized the storm which the measure would bring about his head. Although many of the provisions of the bill were pronounced extravagant by the minority it was the last named appropriation which drew the fierce fire of the democratic orators and, under the scathing arraignment of Mr. De Armond and his colleagues, the Representative from Illinois spent a most unhappy afternoon. In the heat of the argument Mr. Cannon committed himself to the statement that the United States was in the Philippines to stay and it was on that ground that the democrats attacked his position. While space will not permit the chronicling of Mr. De Armond's brilliant speech, the following is worthy of quotation: "Do we lack the power and the right to take the hand of the spoilsman from off the islands of the far-away seas? Do we lack the power and the right to give liberty to 10,000,000 people who are struggling and dying for it? Do we lack the power and the right to take the mailed hand from the throats of men who are crying out for liberty and for independent national existence? Ah, no; we do not lack either the power or the right. Who is to interfere?" The bill is still before the House.

In the Senate, the Philippine tariff bill is being discussed. On Tuesday Senator Lodge made a long speech defending the action of his committee in amending the bill passed by the House. As the Senator from Massachusetts was expatiating upon the advisability of continuing the "open door" policy and the advantages to be derived from trade with China, a democratic member remarked, *sotto voce*. "The gentleman's next step towards building up our trade with China will be the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law I suppose."

Senator Rawlins is preparing to contest every step towards the enactment of the Philippines bill as reported and he will be ably assisted by Senator Culberson. On Tuesday Senator Rawlins made a strong appeal to his colleagues to do justice to the Philippines. He said that the present measure is calculated to prevent trade relations between the islands and this country and to continue the necessity of maintaining large forces of soldiers there in order to preserve order. "The policy of the administration is such," he declared, "as to permit the officers of the American Army to replenish their fortunes at the expense of the unfortunate Philippinos and then return to this country to live in affluence." Senator Vest is preparing for a vigorous onslaught on the ship subsidy which will soon be up for discussion.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House is devoting its time to hearings of the representatives of the tobacco and sugar interests in this country and in Cuba, apropos of the proposed reciprocal relations with that island. That there is any earnest desire on the part of the Committee to ascertain the real status of affairs in Cuba must be doubted by anyone who has an opportunity to hear the merciless cross examination of the Cuban representatives. Their somewhat limited command of English is a drawback in itself and when to that is added a disposition on the part of the members of the committee, unrestrained by the chairman, to confuse and browbeat the Cuban witnesses it can hardly be credited that the committee desires to arrive at the facts.

At this writing it is safe to say that Cuban reciprocity, if it comes before the House, will receive little consideration. In fact, reciprocity in any form, unless, possibly an arrangement could be effected whereby the United States would receive all and give nothing, is too advanced for the republicans of the lower chamber whose knowledge of economies can be summed up in the one word "protection." Nevertheless, the argument of Senator Platt, of Connecticut, that failure to grant some form of reciprocity to Cuba will result in almost immediate annexation, has had great weight with the Senators and it is more than possible that a reciprocal arrangement will be made by treaty and without consulting the House.

While the republicans in the House are opposed to reciprocity, there are those among them whose constituents are demanding the removal of duty on certain schedules and they say they will have their way. Representative Babcock declares that he will be able to bring to light his bill lowering the duty on the products of the Steel Trust and that he can secure sufficient votes to make it a law. Mr. Tawney, of Minnesota, tells me that he is only awaiting an appropriate opportunity to introduce some measure removing the duty on bulbs imported from Holland. United States Consul Mill, at Amsterdam, has made an extensive report on this subject in which he shows that we import from $275,000 to $300,000 worth of bulbs from Holland per year and that we sell to Holland flour worth in the neighborhood of $4,500,000. This trade is likely to be lost to the millers and farmers of the United States unless some measure is passed which will remove the duty on the Dutch bulbs.

A discussion, which the republicans say should have taken place in executive session but which occurred on the floor of the Senate in open session, recently revealed the prodigality of the republicans in the expenditure of the public funds. Growing out of the effort to pass a bill providing a messenger for one of the minor Senate committees, it transpired that at the present time the amount spent for messengers and other employees of the Senate exceeds the aggregate salaries and mileage of the Senators themselves. It is a well known fact that many of these employees are entirely unnecessary and that they are simply a result of the spoils system, having been appointed without regard to their usefulness and because the Senator who secured their employment had reasons of his own for wishing to support them at the expense of the government. The total amount now paid to the special employees of the Senate aggregates, according to the estimate of Senator Platt, some $600,000, while Senatorial salaries and mileage amount to but $550,000

The Dudes Were Fooled.

The King's Velvet Cuff the Cause.

A few weeks ago, among other bulletins of State affairs in London, a semi-official announcement was made that his Majesty King Edward, had inaugurated a new style by appearing in a frock coat with deep turned-up velvet cuffs.

There was an instantaneous boom in the tailoring trade. Every "dear old chap" in the realm applauded the King's taste and originality and ordered similar garments. Impecunious scions of nobility pledged the family jewels in order to maintain that "correct form" which, however extravagant, is correct, because it is royal, and the velvet-cuffed frock coat became the only proper wear.

At the very moment that the Beau Brummels were enjoying the height of this sartorial satisfaction, somebody made a grievous discovery. This was nothing less than the fact that the King's new garment was not a frock coat at all, but an ordinary overcoat, on which velvet cuffs have been worn for years.

Now the "fashion" feels that it has been woefully deceived, not only financially, but in another respect. It is argued that the horrible truth has held many of London's best dressers up to ridicule, and that the only way in which the King can atone for the situation is to actually adopt a frock coat with turned-up velvet cuffs.

Thousands Sold Into White Slavery.

MANY YOUNG GIRLS ARE SENT FROM VARIOUS EUROPEAN PORTS ANNUALLY.

The associations for fighting the "white slave" trade have begun an energetic campaign in Germany.

They have issued a report stating, on presumably incontestable authority that 1000 girls leave European ports annually to be slaves of ruffians, who have enticed them away from home. In Germany alone there is a gang of nearly one hundred persons engaged in this traffic.

They are perfect in the art of "making up" disguises. That of a schoolmaster in search of female assistants for a German school is the commonest ruse.

Some pretend to be hotelkeepers looking for pretty barmaids, or wine merchants who want saleswomen, or advertising agents who want girls to learn to be typewriters, and so on.

Galicia and Western Russia are their favorite hunting grounds.

They do not hesitate to go through the ceremony of marriage. One man recently arrested in Hamburg has six wives living, of whose whereabouts at present he has no knowledge. He thinks they may be somewhere in South America. That country is not the only country to which these white slaves are sent. India takes quite a number, and so does China, but Turkey takes still more, who are chiefly shipped from Black Sea ports.

TAKE ONE of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills after dinner. It will promote digestion and overcome any evil effects of too hearty eating. Safe, prompt, active, painless and pleasant. This effective little pill is supplanting all the old school nauseous purgatives. 40 doses, 10c. 100 doses, 25c. Sold by C. A. Kleim. 7

SHORT TALKS

Brief Comment On Political and Other Matters of Public Interest.

ANDREW J. PALM.

The Pittsburg people have been ripped up the back and down in front so much the past year that the average Pittsburger hardly knows where he is at politically. Some of them are swearing vengeance against Quay, Stone, Flinn and the whole gang. Others, like the Bigelows and Major Brown, who had their fingers badly singed by pulling the Quay chestnuts out of the fire, are ashamed to own that they were such consummate fools as to trust the Old Man, and hence they still pretend to believe that he is all right and still acting in good faith; but that Stone, like a bad boy, refuses to obey his master. The childish confidence of these full grown men is touching to behold. They put up their hundreds of thousands of dollars to help Quay, Stone & Company to pass the ripper bill, and as soon as it was passed they were deliberately betrayed for a consideration, and that is the whole story.

* * *

There was a time when men retired from business when they secured a competency, and gave somebody else a chance. Not so now in this age of greed and commercialism. The average man has grown to be so much of a hog that he keeps on grabbing as long as he can draw a breath. When a man in these evil days makes a million he is only the more eager for the next and that stimulates his grasping propensity to make still greater efforts for more. Men are now judged by the wealthy class, not by what they are, but by what they have, no matter by what means it may have been acquired, and never did Shakespeare's saying, "the learned pate ducks to the golden fool," apply more truthfully than at the present time. Roosevelt says we may find it necessary to shackle cunning as we have found it necessary to shackle force, and there is no sort of cunning today that needs shackling so much as the cunning of greed. Since Roosevelt has become president, however, he hasn't a word to say about shackling anything or anybody who may help him in his ambition for a second term.

* * *

Public sentiment seems to be strong against allowing the Chinese to come to our shores to earn a livelihood. Let us admit for the sake of the argument that we should pass a prohibitory law, but in the name of consistency, if we declare that they shall not come here should we not cease our clamor for an open door in China—a door that opens but one way? We have been forcing China to open her gates to us, and declaring that she shall allow our missionaries full sway to stuff them with our religion, or we will shoot it into them with Maxim guns. In fact, we have done some shooting on this account already. To solemnly declare by act of congress that China shall not send any of her people here and still insist that she shall open wide her gates to us is too unreasonable to be tolerated on the part of any nation. The man who says to his neighbor, "you must keep your children strictly out of my yard, but you shall permit mine to go into your yard or your house at their own pleasure," is not a whit more unreasonable and inconsistent than the bullying nation which demands privileges that it absolutely refuses to grant. It isn't any wonder that China is suspicious of our religion if it is exhibited in our dealings with other nations.

* * *

Secretary Gage did not leave the cabinet any too soon to please men who believe in honesty and fair dealing. The shady transaction in connection with the sale of the old New York custom house casts a suspicion on his integrity and he never ventured any explanation, thus giving ground for the belief that it admitted no solution consistent with honesty. He was authorized by special act of congress to sell the property at public or private sale for not less than $3,000,000, and then rent it from the purchaser at 4 per cent. of the purchase price until the new custom house should be ready for use. He sold the property to the City National Bank, the Standard Oil company's institution, for $3,265,000. The president of the bank took a certified check for the amount to Washington, and within an hour the secretary handed back all but $40,000 to be deposited in the City National Bank without interest, though the bank was not a United States depository. It is supposed that he kept the $40,000 back in order that the title might still remain in the government and thus save the City bank $70,000 a year in taxes. The bank's profits in dealing with Secretary Gage are estimated to have been at least $1,000 a day for a long time, as it had $15,000,000 of the government funds without paying a single cent of interest. The only question about which there seems to be any doubt in the public mind is whether the secretary received a share of the swag or whether in the goodness of his heart he permitted the Standard Oil company to keep it all in order to assist a struggling infant industry. No wonder he grew furious in Philadelphia recently when some one made mention of the New York transaction in his presence. It touched a tender spot.

President Roosevelt has not yet appointed a genuine Democrat to office in the south or anywhere else. The drivelling rot indulged in by the subsidized press over the Alabama judgeship appointment was nauseating.—Sabinal (Texas) Sentinel.

HOME AND CHILD

Does your horse "feel his oats"? What a difference between the grain-fed and the grass-fed horse! The first strong and full of ginger, the second flabby, weak and tired out before he begins. The feeding makes the difference.

Children are not alike either. One is rosy, bright-eyed, full of life and laughter, another is pale, weak and dull. The feeding again is responsible.

Sickly children need special feeding. They don't "feel their oats". Scott's Emulsion adds just the right richness to their diet. It is like grain to the horse. The child gets new appetite and strong digestion.

Scott's Emulsion is more than food. It is a strong medicine. It rouses up dull children, puts new flesh on thin ones and red blood into pale ones. It makes children grow. Scott's Emulsion makes ordinary food do its duty.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
409 Pearl St., New York.
50c and $1. all druggists.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES	FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES	SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES	SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES	WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES	COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES	COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G.	Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES	KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES	SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES	BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or special package with powder, for $5
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect Nov. 3, 1901.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M
Northumberland	7 35	1 50	10 00	5 55
Cameron	7 47	2 01		6 06
Danville	8 07	2 11	10 19	6 16
Catawissa	7 11	2 24	10 34	6 30
Rupert	7 16	2 29	10 37	6 35
Bloomsburg	7 22	2 34	10 43	6 41
Espy	7 28	2 40	10 48	6 46
Lime Ridge	7 35	2 46	10 54	6 52
Willow Grove	7 40	2 51		
Briarcreek	7 44	2 58		6 59
Berwick	7 50	2 58	11 05	7 06
Beach Haven	7 58	3 03	11 10	7 12
Nick's Ferry	8 07	3 09	11 15	7 18
Shickshinny	8 17	3 20	11 29	7 31
Hunlock's	8 27	3 31		7 41
Nanticoke	8 34	3 38	11 43	7 47
Avondale	8 37	3 42		
Plymouth	8 44	3 47	11 51	7 56
Plymouth Junction	8 47	3 52		
Kingston	8 55	4 00	11 59	8 07
Bennett	8 58	4 03	12 02	8 10
Forty Fort	9 00	4 07		
Wyoming	9 05	4 12	12 08	8 17
West Pittston	9 10	4 17		8 21
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	4 20	12 14	8 24
Pittston	9 19	4 24	12 17	8 28
Duryea	9 23	4 29	12 20	8 32
Lackawanna	9 26	4 32		8 35
Taylor	9 34	4 40		8 43
Bellevue	9 37	4 45		
SCRANTON	9 42	4 50	12 35	8 50
STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M

WEST.

SCRANTON	6 35	1 00	5 55	6 10
Bellevue	6 39	10 10		
Taylor	6 43	10 15	2 03	6 19
Lackawanna	6 48	10 23	2 10	6 26
Duryea	6 53	10 26	2 13	6 29
Pittston	6 57	10 31	2 17	6 33
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 33	2 19	6 36
West Pittston	7 03	10 35	2 23	6 39
Wyoming	7 08	10 40	2 27	6 44
Forty Fort			2 31	
Bennett	7 15	10 49	2 34	6 50
Kingston	7 21	10 54	2 40	6 55
Plymouth	7 30	11 03	2 49	7 03
Avondale	7 39	11 11	2 58	7 12
Nanticoke	7 45	11 17	3 06	7 17
Hunlock's	7 55	11 29	3 20	7 31
Nick's Ferry	8 07	11 43	3 40	7 41
Beach Haven	8 13	11 48	3 37	7 48
Berwick	8 19	11 54	3 44	7 53
Briarcreek	8 28		3 50	
Willow Grove	8 27		3 54	8 03
Lime Ridge	8 31	12 09	3 58	8 07
Espy	8 37	12 15	4 06	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 44	12 22	4 12	8 17
Rupert	8 49	12 27	4 17	8 21
Catawissa	8 54	12 32	4 22	8 27
Danville	9 09	12 47	4 35	8 40
Comasky			4 32	
Cameron	9 21	12 57	4 46	
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	5 00	9 05
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.
A. G. SALISBURY, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.	STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE
a.m p.m. p.m.		a.m p.m p.m a.m
7.10 12.10 6.00 2.15	Bloomsb'g	8.50 2.27 6.25 6.10
7.08 12.05 5.55 2.0	" P. & P	8.52 2.39 6.27
7.03 12.03 5.53 2.05	" Main st.	8.55 2.42 6.30
6.53 11.53 5.42 1.50	Paper Mill	9.05 2.52 6.40 6.37
6.50 11.50 5.39 1.45	Light st.	9.08 2.55 6.44 6.50
6.46 11.42 5.31 1.30	Orangeville	9.16 3.03 6.53 7.10
6.29 11.33 5.2 .00	Forks	9.26 3.13 7.03 7.35
6.25 11.29 5.17 12.55	Zaner's	9.30 3.17 7.07 7.45
6.18 11.21 5.08 12.45	Stillwater	9.38 3.25 7.15 8.00
6.08 11.13 5.00 2.55	Penton	9.46 3.33 7.23 8.30
6.04 11.09 4.56 12.10	Edson's	9.50 3.37 7.27 8.40
5.02 11.06 4.53 12.05	Cole's Crk	9.53 3.40 7.31 8.46
5.53 11.02 4.48 11.53	Lanbach	9.58 3.45 7.41 9.00
5.49 10.51 4.38 11.48	Central	10 05 3.52 7.51 9.25
5.45 10.48 4.35 11.30	Jam. City	10.08 3.55 7.55 9.35
am am p.m p.m		a.m pm p.m am
LEAVE	Corrected to Jan. 30, 1902.	ARRIVE

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

In effect Dec. 8, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG:

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.10 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.10 a. m., 3.36 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.10 a. m. 3.36.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.10, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.10, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.36, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 2.46, 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 7.30 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.13 a m, 5.42 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20, 9.10 a. m 1.30 3.36, 6.08 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.40 a. m., 1.38 3.46, 6.21.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf.

For ATLANTIC CITY — Weekdays. — Express, 9.00, a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.15 p. m. Sundays—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 7.15 p m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

Leave ATLANTIC CITY, Weekdays —Express, 7.35, 9.00, 10.15 a. m., 2.30, 5.30, P. M. Accommodation, 6.25 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 10.15 a. m., 4.30, 7.30, p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA.

For CAPE MAY—Weekdays—8.45, a. m., 4.15 p. m. Sundays, Chestnut St., 8.45 a. m. South St., 8.30 a. m.

For OCEAN CITY—Weekdays—8.45 a. m., 4.15 p.m Sundays, Chest St., 8.45, South St., 8.30 a. m.

NEW YORK AND ATLANTIC CITY EXPRESS. Leaves NEW YORK (Liberty Street) 9.40 a. m. 3.40 p. m

Leaves ATLANTIC CITY, 8.30 a. m., 2.15 p. m.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

W. G. BESLER, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

AGENTS WANTED both sexes, to sell our Specific Remedies for Rheumatism, Kidney and all blood diseases, Diabetes, Gravel and all Nervous Debility. Sent on receipt of price, $1.00 per box, for one month's treatment. Universal Medicine Co., 237 Broadway, New York. 1 30d4t

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 24, 1901

Scranton (D & H)	lv	A.M. $6 45	A.M. $9 38	P.M. $2 38	P.M. $4 21
Pittston	"	7 08	10 00	2 52	4 52
Wilkesbarre	lv	A.M. $7 25	A.M. $10 30	P.M. $3 30	P.M. $5 00
Plymouth Ferry	"	7 32	10 32	3 32	5 07
Nanticoke	"	7 42	10 50	3 51	6 17
Mocanaqua	"	8 01	11 07	4 20	6 37
Wapwallopen	"	8 12	11 16	4 31	6 47
Nescopeck	ar	8 18	11 26	4 42	7 00
Pottsville	lv	A.M. $5 50		P.M. 11 55	2 45
Hazleton	"	7 06		12 55	3 05
Tomhicken	"	7 22		1 11	3 15
Fern Glen	"	7 29		1 18	3 22
Rock Glen	"	7 35			
Nescopeck	ar	8 02		1 45	
Catawissa					4 00
Nescopeck	lv	A.M. $8 18	A.M. $11 26	P.M. 1 42	P.M. $7 00
Creasy	"	8 30	11 36	3 52	7 01
Espy Ferry	"	8 42	11 46	4 02	7 20
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	11 50	4 06	7 25
Catawissa	ar	8 55	P.M. 11 57	4 13	7 32
Catawissa	lv	8 55	11 57	4 17	7 32
S. Danville	"	9 14	12 15	4 31	7 51
Sunbury	"	9 35	12 40	4 55	8 15
Sunbury	lv	A.M. $9 42	P.M. $1 04	P.M. $5 10	P.M. 9 45
Lewisburg	ar	10 13	1 45	5 40	
Milton	"	10 08	1 39	5 35	10 07
Williamsport	"	11 00	1 41	6 30	10 55
Lock Haven	"	11 59	2 20	7 28	
Tyrone	"	A.M.	3 02	8 30	
Bellefonte	"		8 25		
Lock Haven	lv	P.M. $12 10	P.M. 12 45		
Bellefonte	ar	1 35	1 44		
Tyrone	"	2 30	2 00		
Philipsburg	"	4 55	3 02		
Clearfield	"	5 25	3 45		
Pittsburg	"	6 55	5 10 45		
Sunbury	lv	A.M. $9 50	P.M. $1 55	P.M. $5 20	P.M. $8 31
Harrisburg	ar	11 30	3 15	6 50	10 10
Philadelphia	ar	P.M. $3 17	P.M. 6 28	P.M. $10 20	A.M. $4 25
Baltimore	"	3 11	6 00	9 45	2 50
Washington	"	4 10	7 15	10 55	4 05
Sunbury	lv	A.M. $10 00	P.M. $2 15		
Lewistown Jc	ar	P.M. 11 45	$4 05		
Pittsburg	"	$6 55	$10 45		
Harrisburg	lv	A.M. $11 45	P.M. 5 00	P.M. $7 15	P.M. $10 25
Pittsburg	ar	$6 55	A.M. 11 50	A.M. $1 50	A.M. $5 30

$ Weekdays. Daily. ‡ Flag station.

Pittsburg	lv	P.M. $7 15	P.M. $9 00	A.M. $3 40	A.M. $8 00
Harrisburg	ar	A.M. $2 00	A.M. $4 25	$9 30	P.M. $3 10
Pittsburg	lv		A.M.	P.M.	A.M. † 8 00
Lewistown Jc	"		† 7 30		P.M. † 3 00
Sunbury	ar		† 9 20		† 4 50
Washington	lv	P.M. $10 40	A.M.	A.M. † 7 50	A.M. $10 50
Baltimore	"	11 41	$4 40	† 8 37	11 45
Philadelphia	"	11 20	$4 25	† 8 30	11 40
Harrisburg	lv	A.M. $3 35	A.M. $7 55	A.M. †11 40	P.M. † 3 20
Sunbury	ar	$5 05	$9 36	1 10	† 5 05
Pittsburg	lv	P.M. $12 45		A.M. $3 00	A.M. $8 06
Clearfield	"	3 50			9 28
Philipsburg	"	4 40			10 12
Tyrone	"	7 00		8 10	12 25
Bellefonte	"	8 16		9 32	1 05
Lock Haven	ar	9 15		10 30	2 10
Erie	lv	P.M. $1 5 35	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Kane	"	8 45		† 5 00	
Renovo	"	11 50	† 6 45	10 30	
Lock Haven	"	12 38	† 7 35	11 25	† 5 00
Williamsport	"	A.M. 2 20	$ 8 30	P.M. †12 40	4 00
Milton	"	2 32	9 19	1 27	4 47
Lewisburg	"		9 05	1 15	4 42
Sunbury	ar	3 23	9 46	1 55	5 16
Sunbury	lv	A.M. $6 45	A.M. $ 9 55	P.M. † 2 05	P.M. † 5 25
S. Danville	"	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Catawissa	"	7 32	10 35	2 36	6 08
E. Bloomsburg	"	7 37	10 43	2 43	6 15
Espy Ferry	"	7 42	f10 47		f 6 19
Creasy	"	7 53	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck	ar	8 03	11 05	3 05	6 40
Nescopeck	lv	A.M. † 8 02	A.M. †10 38	P.M. †2 36	P.M. † 6 08
Catawissa		8 23			
Rock Glen	ar		11 22	5 05	7 28
Fern Glen	"	8 51	11 38	5 32	7 34
Tomhicken	"	8 58	11 38	5 38	7 42
Hazleton	"	9 19	11 58	5 59	8 05
Pottsville	"	10 15		6 55	
Nescopeck	lv	A.M. † 8 02	A.M. †11 05	P.M. † 3 05	P.M. † 6 40
Wapwallopen	ar	8 19	11 20	3 20	7 52
Mocanaqua	"	8 31	11 32	3 30	7 01
Nanticoke	"	8 58	11 54	3 49	7 19
Plym'th Ferry	"	9 03	12 02	3 57	7 28
Wilkesbarre	"	9 10	12 10	4 05	8 35
Pittston (D & H)	ar	A.M. † 9 39	P.M. 12 55	P.M. † 4 56	P.M. † 8 36
Scranton	"	10 08	1 24	5 24	9 05

† Weekdays. f Daily. ‡ Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Leader's MEAT MARKET

Is up to date every day. Pure Pork Sausage, Souse, Scrapple and Pudding, are now in season, and are made fresh daily. All other kinds of meats constantly on hand, also fresh milk, cream, skim milk and buttermilk, butter and eggs, ham, dressed poultry, &c. All goods delivered promptly.

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We Buy and Sell
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at market prices.

CLOSE QUOTATIONS.

Chas. W. RAY & CO.,
Stocks, Bonds and Investment Securities.

Bloomsburg, Pa.,
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S. F. Peacock, Mgr.
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You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

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ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upwards

We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of all kinds.

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SEWING MACHINES

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WASH MACHINES

FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller at close of business December 20, 1901.

RESOURCES.

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS		$535,805.73
DUE FROM BANKS		27,812.55
CASH AND RESERVE		113,954.37
		$677,572.65

LIABILITIES.

CAPITAL STOCK		$ 50,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits		139,127.52
National Bank Notes Outstanding		50,000.00
DUE BANKS	$ 26,656.42	
DEPOSITS	411,788.71	438,445.13
		$677,572.65

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DIRECTORS :

DR. E. W. M. LOW, MYRON I. LOW, E. B. TUSTIN,
DR. J. H. VASTINE, GEO. S. ROBBINS, LOUIS GROSS,
J. M. STAVER.

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THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869

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D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS :—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30 1902.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

For some years past Columbia county has been in a district which has been represented in the State Senate by a man who has been a credit to the district, to the state, and to the Democratic party. This man has been and is the recognized leader of his party in the Senate; he has been urged to accept a nomination for Congress in his own county of Lycoming, repeatedly: his name has been prominently mentioned as a candidate for Governor; he is one of the most active and prominent Democrats in the state, and his sagacity and wisdom as a lawmaker have made him a most valuable representative of the people in the halls of legislation. We refer to Hon. J. Henry Cochran, of Williamsport.

Last week we suggested the name of Hon. W. T. Creasy as a possible candidate for the Senate, but he informs us that he will not be a candidate for that office. This year is an important one, as there are so many offices to be filled. It is very necessary that good strong men shall be nominated in order that the state organization may be helped and strengthened. This is especially true of the district nominations for Congress and the State Senate. Strong influence has been brought to bear upon Senator Cochran, and it is said that he has consented to be a candidate for re-election, a fact upon which the Democracy of the district is to be congratulated.

We have heard of no candidate in Columbia county, and it would be a handsome thing if the Senatorial conferrees of this county could be tendered to Senator Cochran without opposition.

Hon. Fred Ikeler will be a candidate for the legislature for a second term. It has been the custom in this county for many years to accord a second term to members of the legislature, usually without opposition. Where there has been opposition, the party has rebuked it by adhering to the two term rule. This has been true in the cases of men who have never been heard from in Harrisburg, mere figure heads, who made no mark How much the more should it be observed in the cases of men of ability and prominence! Mr. Ikeler's first speech in the House attracted the attention of the whole state and from that time forward he was one of the few members that could get the attention of the House whenever he arose to his feet. He is known as an honest, able and fearless Democrat whom the machine could neither intimidate nor buy. Such men, men who can command the respect of their fellow-members, are the ones who can render their constituents the best service.

Hon. W. T. Creasy will stand for re-election as Representative from this county in the Legislature. He has served his party faithfully, and he has served the people honestly. His merits have been recognized throughout the state, and his nomination as State Treasurer, and subsequent election as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, were a compliment to Columbia county. Such men ought to be kept in public service, and this county will honor itself by sending Mr. Creasy back again to the House of Representatives.

There is no reason why the President and his daughter should not help the German Emperor in his effort to boom the American shipbuilding industry.

Six people in France have been living on pellets of chemical food. Three have lost weight, two have kept the same, and one has actually gained flesh on the strange diet.

President Roosevelt has signed an order to return $375,000 in silver to the Chinese government It represents the share of loot secured by United States marines at the fall of Tientsin.

A Rochester man claims to have discovered a process for transferring photographs to the human skin. Tattooing will be a back number and "human picture galleries" a reality This opens an untold vista of possibilities.

Statistics from England and in the United States show that the rate of suicide is increasing rapidly. So marked has this increase been that the problem promises to be one of the most important sociological questions of the future.

Sousa, the great band master, has written a novel, "The Fifth String," a tale of a magic violin. Persons who think of him only as a musician and a composer are not aware that he is a writer of prose and verse of a high order.

From Klondike's icy mountains to Madagascar's strand is a far call, but the latest gold discoveries are reported from the African island. Prospectors are warned that climatic conditions are worse than in Alaska, at the other extreme of temperature.

Philologists say that there are 3,424 known languages in the world. Of these 278 are African, 578 are European, 937 Asiatic and 1,624 American. The attempt by an enthusiastic theologian to locate the garden of Eden in America never carried much weight, but here is a chance to speculate on the possible site of the tower of Babel.

There has been placed in the room of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, at Washington, a painting of the battle of Santiago. The "Brooklyn," Schley's ship, is in the thick of it. Sampson is represented by a thin line of smoke on the horizon. After Literature, represented by Maclays had its say, it looks as if the sister Muse of Art is trying to do some "vindicating" on her own account.

The attention of the Czar of Russia has been called to the uselessness of the 4300 Russian monks in the 742 monasteries, and he has determined that they shall be made to devote some of their time to caring for the sick and educating the poor. In all the monasteries there are only 1593 beds for the sick, and eighty-four houses in connection with them in which the poor are housed. Not a single monastery supports a school. The Czar evidently does not approve of this monkey business.

"Mothers' Meetings" for a Magazine.

In the current number of the *Ladies' Home Journal* is begun a new and rather novel department which is called "Mothers' Meetings," and which is to treat solely the subject of the proper education of children. It is the outgrowth of editorials on this subject which have appeared from time to time in the *Journal*, and in it will be printed the actual experiences of parents who have learned from experience the criminality of the modern "cramming" system at schools and the evils arising from late hours, or social evenings for children at home. The desire is that this department shall be contributed by readers of the magazine.

THE LICENSE COURT.

Ever since the passage of the Brooks High License Law the Courts have been troubled so to construe its not well expressed or digested provisions as to formulate and establish a uniformity of practice in the granting of licenses, or at least to agree upon a rule whereby the discretion of the Judges might be guided. The first section of the Act enumerates house, room, place, hotel, inn, tavern—and in the fourth section it gives hotels, taverns, inns, restaurants, saloons: this still left eating houses, named in the Act of 31st March, 1856, P. L. 200, unenumerated, although a license may be had for one, as per Morris' License, 2 Pa. C. C. Rep. 79 and Gilbert's License, 2 Chester Co. 269.

We have in the law, therefore, six separate localities with recognized names, which a man may obtain a license to keep and maintain and in which he may sell by retail, vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof. I have been at pains to gather from the *Century Dictionary* the definitions of those words or names and present them for consideration and comparison and distinction.

HOTEL.—A house for entertaining strangers or travelers—an inn—especially an inn of some style and pretensions.

INN—A house for the lodging and entertainment of travelers: In *law*, a public house kept for the lodging and entertainment of such as may choose to visit it, and providing what is necessary for their subsistence, for compensation; a tavern; a public hotel. In consequence of thus holding out the house as a place of public entertainment, the keeper comes under the obligation to serve all comers, and to answer, within restrictions provided by law, for the safety of their property.

TAVERN—A public house where wines and other liquors are sold, and where food is provided for travelers and other guests—an inn: Synonyms—inn, tavern, hotel, house—In the United States, inn and tavern are rarely now popularly applied to places of public entertainment, except sometimes as quaint or affected terms; but in law, *tavern* is sometimes used for any place of public entertainment where liquor is sold under license. Hotel is the general word, or, often, *house*, as the name of a particular Hotel.

RESTAURANT—An establishment for the sale of refreshments, both food and drink: a place where meals are served; an eating house.

EATING-HOUSE—A house where food is served to customers; a place of resort for meals; a restaurant.

SALOON—A place where intoxicating liquors are sold and drank—a grog shop.

Thus far the Dictionary—whereby it appears that the saloon is at the bottom of all places where liquors can be obtained—and where nothing else is furnished. Something more may be said about an Eating-house. It was held in Morris' License, 2 Pa. C. C. R. 79, "The court will not license an Eating-house, unless the accommodations are, in a measure, provided which are demanded by the locality, the habits of the people and their wants. An eating-house located in a cellar, without accommodations for ladies, who have occasion to resort to it for meals, etc., refused until proper accommodations are furnished. And in Gilberts' License, Chester County, it was held that, "The general license laws of the State require that accommodations for the supply of meals to the public shall be furnished by those applying for eating-house or liquor license. If there is no demand for such accommodations, it is conclusive evidence that a restaurant or Eating-house is not needed there; mere tippling places or drinking saloons not being legalized by the general law of the State." These before the Act of 1887.

A paragraph in a newspaper some time ago attracted my attention It was to the effect, that during the Paris Exposition a party of ladies from the United States made inquiry for an Ice Cream *Saloon*. The person interrogated looked at them for a moment, then said: "Do you want something to drink with your cream? If so, you will find one at (giving address). If not, you will find an Ice Cream *Parlor* at (giving address)." It was a nice but proper distinction, and it would be well to heed it always.

Ice Cream Saloon—A place where wines or liquors are served with the cream.

Ice Cream Parlor—A place where only coffee is served with the cream.

In approaching the question of the granting of licenses, it is to be remembered that no license is necessary to enable or authorize a person to keep and maintain a house for the accommodation of the public and the entertainment of strangers and travelers. The question of license is wholly confined to the right and privilege of selling at that place vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof, by retail in less quantities than one quart. And although the Brookes law says nothing about rooms and beds and stabling and other necessary appliances for the comfort and convenience of guests, the public and strangers and travelers, yet by other unrepealed laws such things are required, and it must be shown that an applicant for a Hotel, Inn or Tavern is provided with all such things as go to provide and secure the accommodation of the public and the entertainment of strangers and travelers. Having shown that to the Court, the next step is to show that there exists a necessity at that place for such a house for that purpose. And that he is a proper person to keep and maintain a house where vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors are to be kept and sold.

It has been held that it is the duty of the Court to grant a license for a hotel when there is a necessity for the house, fitness of the applicant and sufficiency of the accommodation and that it is the necessity for a hotel or eating house which is to be considered; the necessity for a license to sell intoxicating drinks follows as a necessary incident and that the true object of the license laws is the accommodation of all classes of citizens and where the higher classes are sufficiently accommodated, it may be necessary to grant additional licenses for the accommodation of the humbler citizens. And so it has been said, the necessity of license to sell liquor must be made to appear distinct from the necessity for a hotel or tavern. From all that has been said no rule can yet be formulated or established which shall guide the discretion of the Judge.

The nomenclature in the license laws is misleading and confusing.

Hotels, Inns and Taverns in the License laws are identical. They are for the accommodation of the public and strangers and travelers. Hence rooms, beds, meals, stabling for horses and all incidental accommodations must be provided.

Restaurants, eating-houses and saloons belong to a different class. No beds or bedrooms are required, nor stabling for horses. The public which desires meals, refreshments, a place in which to sit and smoke and rest, frequents this denomination of resorts. And this public is entitled to houses, places or rooms, and such accommodations as satisfy their needs. J. G. F.

A Cough

"I have made a most thorough trial of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and am prepared to say that for all diseases of the lungs it never disappoints."
J. Early Finley, Ironton, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral won't cure rheumatism; we never said it would. It won't cure dyspepsia; we never claimed it. But it will cure coughs and colds of all kinds. We first said this sixty years ago; we've been saying it ever since.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula—as ugly as ever since time immemorial.

It causes bunches in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"A bunch appeared on the left side of my neck. It caused great pain, was lanced, and became a running sore. I went into a general decline. I was persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when I had taken six bottles my neck was healed, and I have never had any trouble of the kind since." MRS. K. T. SNYDER, Troy, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as they have rid thousands.

They Stand by Schley.

The Democrats of South Williamsport have unanimously adopted the following:

"Resolved, That we, the Democratic party of South Williamsport, in convention assembled, do request the Democratic members now holding, or who shall be elected to hold, the office of school director to not vote for the adoption of any history in our borough schools which does not give to Admiral Schley the honor of being the naval commander at the battle of Santiago."

TOWNSEND'S Clearing Out Sale.

BIG BARGAINS

In All Winter

CLOTHING.

MUST BE SOLD

To Make Room For

SPRING GOODS

Come early and see the Bargains at

Townsend's

CLOTHING STORE.

THE YEARLY SALE!

This is another popular selling event, which has been carefully planned for another chance to buy wanted merchandise at shaved profits. Another demonstration of the wisdom of halving our rightful profit and doubling our output. It's as broad as it is long, as far as our gain is concerned, except the gain of increased business and adding more friends to the store. It's a good deal broader than it is long for you, for there is an actual, honest, money saving flavor about this sale that you will readily understand and appreciate.

WE'VE EXPLAINED WHY.

First is the Table Linen News

This is profitable news for you if you'll profit by it. The Table Linen lines are never so complete as at this time. The prices are never so tempting as now. Read.

Unbleached Table Linens.

52 ins. wide, good weight 22c.
56 ins. wide, worth 45c., at 39c.
64 ins. wide, worth 60c., at 49c.
60 ins. wide, heavy, all linen, the best value we have ever offered, at 50c.
68 ins. wide, extra good value, 45c.
60 in. heavy German, all linen, 47c.
66 ins. wide, extra heavy, all linen, 69c.
72 ins. wide, worth $1.00, 75c.
72 ins. wide, worth 1.25, 98c.

Bleached Table Linens.

We start them at 22c.
64 ins. wide, all linen, 47c.
72 ins. wide, all linen, 58c.
68 and 72 ins. wide, worth 85 and 90c., at 69c.
66 ins. wide, extra value, 72c.
72 ins. wide, worth $1.25, at 98c.
72 ins. wide, worth $1.40, at $1.10.
72 ins. wide, worth $2.00, at $1.69.

These are a few prices, come and see the rest.

We can match Table Linens with Napkins, from 50c. up.

What You Save On Napkins.

Napkins are a necessity now-a-days. There is a napkin buying chance awaiting you in this sale, such as you've seldom been invited to take advantage of.

Napkins, worth	$1 25,	at	98c.
" "	1 50,	at	$1 25.
" "	1 75,	at	1 49.
" "	2 00,	at	1 65.
" "	2 25,	at	1 79.
" "	2 50,	at	2 19.
" "	2 75,	at	2 25.
" "	3 50,	at	2 98.
" "	5 00,	at	4 25.
" "	6 00,	at	5 00.

A Feast of Toweling and Towel Bargains.

Many of our customers wait for these sales to replenish their linen presser. You've always needed toweling and towels. Buy them now and save money.

5c	cotton toweling at		4½c.
8c	linen "	"	6½c.
10c	" "	"	8½c.
12½c	" "	"	9½c.
15c	" "	"	12½c.
14c	" "	"	11½c.

Extra good value in towels at 25c. a pair.

Extra good value Huck towels at 25c. a pair.

Some Special Things in the Grocery Department.

We will sell one barrel of good Blended Flour at 50c. a sack for one week, beginning Saturday, January 25. We will begin January 25 and sell one week, one of Chase & Sanborn's brands of Coffee at 12½c. a pound. If you enjoy a good cup of Coffee, try a pound of this Coffee. Good big Prunes at 5c. a pound.

F. P. PURSEL.

To inexperienced patentees all patents are of equal protective value. They all have the seal of the Government and a blue ribbon; but some patentees know the importance of claims and it is to their skill and perseverance in securing protecting claims that C. A. Snow & Co., of Washington owe in part their reputation and success.

Silk tassels and pencils for programs for sale at this office. tf

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Feb. 11, 1902. Persons calling for these letters will please say "that they were advertised Jan. 28, 1902":

Miss Emily Andem, Mr. E. G. Hennan, Mr. Wm. H. Magill (4), John Muhn, Mr. George W. Thomas.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

O. B. MELLICK, P. M.

"MONARCH PATS."

Great Shoes, In Every Leather.

The Patent Leather Shoe That Won't Break Thro'.

Try a pair. We have the exclusive sale.

W. C. McKINNEY, 8 E. Main St.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1902

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Columbia & Montour Electric Railway Company.

TIME TABLE.

Leave Bloomsburg.		Leave Berwick.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 00*	12 40	5 52	1 04
5 28	1 28	6 40	1 52
6 16	2 16	7 28	2 40
7 04	3 04	8 16	3 28
7 52	3 52	9 04	4 16
8 40	4 40	9 52	5 04
9 28	5 28	10 40	5 52
10 16	6 16	11 28	6 40
11 04	7 04	12 16	7 28
11 52	7 52		8 16
	9 30		9 04
	10 20†		10 40
*From Power House.		Arrive Bloom,	11 52

†For Lime Ridge only.

On and after January 9, 1902, the first car on Columbia & Montour Electric Railway will leave Power House, instead of Market Square, at 5.00 a. m. The last car for Berwick and points beyond Lime Ridge, leaves Bloomsburg at 9 30 p. m For Espy, Almedia and Lime Ridge, last car leaves at 10.20 p. m. The last car from Berwick leaves at 10.40 p. m., arriving at Bloomsburg 11.52 p m.

D G. HACKETT, Supt.

CALENDARS.

Every subscriber who will call and get it, or send a two-cent stamp, is welcome to a calendar for 1902. Come in and get one. tf.

The N. Y. World—Thrice-a-Week Edition.

The Most Widely Read Newspaper in America.

Time has demonstrated that the *Thrice-a-Week World* stands alone in its class. Other papers have imitated its form but not its success. This is because it tells all the news all the time and tells it impartially, whether that news be political or otherwise. It is, in fact, almost a daily at the price of a weekly and you cannot afford to be without it.

Republican and Democrat alike can read the *Thrice-a-Week World* with absolute confidence in its truth.

In addition to news, it publishes first-class serial stories and other features suited to the home and fireside.

The *Thrice-a-Week World's* regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE COLUMBIAN together for $1.70.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.00. tf

Legal advertisements on page 7.

A. U. Lesher, of Berwick, has announced his name as a candidate for the office of County Superintendent of public schools.

Mr. John Swartwout, of Benton township, was stricken with a slight paralytic stroke one day last week. He is able to be up and about the house.

W. K. Armstrong, formerly of this town, but for the past few years residing in Milton, where he has been engaged in the drug business, has purchased the drug store of I. W. Hile, on Market square, Sunbury, and has already taken charge.

[Both Telephones.]

We Know Our Business.

You wouldn't patronize a druggist who did not. There is no risk when you trade here. We have made the drug business a careful study for years. Prescription work is of vital importance. With us you can depend upon skillful service.

We have in stock a large line of

Frost King Chamois Vests for Men and Boys, made of chamois lined with flannel.

Frost Queen Chamois Vests for Women and Girls, made of chamois covered with French flannel.

Perfect protection against cold and sudden changes—against coughs, colds, pneumonia, and all chest and lung troubles. Just the thing for children going to school. Price, $3.00. Children's sizes, $2.00.

W. S. Rishton, Ph. G.

Ent Building. Pharmacist

The Carpet Mill is spinning some very fine floss yarn for knitting.

Dr. Hillis will be here on February 11th, and lecture in the Auditorium.

There are now only five houses in the Borough of Plymouth under quarantine for small-pox.

Friendship Fire Co. No. 1 will hold their annual ball on Friday evening, February 21st.

Edward Ivey is offering a reward of $100 for the arrest and conviction of the person who fired through his milk wagon on January 10th.

Quite a number of people missed the train Sunday evening, owing to the change of time. The train now leaves at 6:14 p. m., 27 minutes earlier.

Envelopes, paper and cards in "Dainty" size, for invitations, acceptances and regrets, for sale at this office. Best quality. 2t

R. D. Magill, of Danville, was severely bitten in the hand by a dog one day last week. His own dog and another were fighting and he tried to separate them.

Several teachers of the Normal faculty gave a concert in the Danville Y. M. C. A. hall on Tuesday evening. They were assisted by Miss Kimble and Mr. Dailey.

Will buy team of sound, willing horses, not over 7 years old. Must be cheap for spot cash.

JAMES MAGEE,
4t1-23. Bloomsburg, Pa.

The Board of Health of Nanticoke warns all persons living in Plymouth, or any other district where small-pox is prevalent, from entering the Borough of Nanticoke.

Mr A. H. Cook, the efficient book-keeper of The Leader Store Co. Ltd., completed the balance sheet for the company a very few hours after the inventory was footed up. Mr. Cook does not believe in letting work hang on his hands.

The Leader Store Co. are erecting racks in their Furniture Department for the purpose of showing couches. The idea is certainly a novel one and the method shows off the goods to the best possible advantage, besides economizing room.

The County Commissioners advertised for bids for printing ballots for the spring election, and in response thereto one bid was received, and that from the Benton *Argus*. The amount of the bid was $100, and the contract was awarded to the *Argus*.

John McGuffie, a former student at the Normal School, received two handsome medals from the Dickenson Law School, one for putting the shot and and the other for throwing the hammer. Mr. McGuffie is now physical director of the Pittston Y. M. C. A.

John Graham died from paralysis last Friday morning, being stricken on the street. He was aged about sixty-five years and was a veteran of the civil war, in which he lost a leg. The funeral was held at the house of John Garman on Seventh street, where deceased had resided.

Mrs. Grant Herring went to Lawrenceville, N. J., on Wednesday, being called there by a telegram announcing the illness of their son Donald, who is attending a college preparatory school there. A later telegram received on Wednesday somewhat allayed the fears of his friends as to Donald's condition.

Arthur Ely died at the home of his mother, Mrs. Francis Ely, on First street, Saturday afternoon, aged about twenty-three years. Some time ago he was employed at the Normal School and carried the mail to and from the postoffice. He was a young man of sterling worth and his death is lamented by a large circle of acquaintances. The funeral took place from the residence of his mother on Tuesday morning, interment being made at Sharp Ridge Cemetery.

A chicken and waffle supper will be given tonight in the Sloan property, corner of Third and Market streets, by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Lutheran church. Supper 25 cents, ice cream and cake extra.

One of the evidences of Mr. Magee's Grand Rapids trip is the quantities of furniture that are coming into both depots. The Leader Store intend fulfilling their promise to carry a larger and better assorted stock of furniture than ever before.

A large audience was present in the Opera House on Friday night to witness the Mock Trial. In the way of a money getter for the Y. M. C. A. it was eminently successful, and it was also an amusing and enjoyable entertainment. All of those who took part acquitted themselves well, although none of them but Col. Newton of Massachusetts had much opportunity for rehearsal beforehand. The Colonel makes a business of it and of course was perfectly at home, but no more so than our local talent.

Col. J G. Freeze delivered a very interesting address in the Parish House on Tuesday evening before the Brotherhood of St. Paul's, on the history of the Episcopal church. The subject is too broad to be concluded in one lecture and the Colonel has consented to take it up in several more lectures, the dates of which will be announced. While under the auspices of the Brotherhood, these lectures are open for all persons, men and women, who may desire to attend. There is no admission fee and everybody is welcome.

The "swelledhead" is a popular way of expressing a common and very frequent ailment. There are victims of it in every locality, Bloomsburg not excepted. It arises from different sources, but the real foundation is a lack of sense. Money, a very little of it developes it in some people, a few good clothes give it to others, a little office, if there is any authority connected with it at all, produces the ailment while others get it by having a better job than his associates. The truth is, no sensible person ever gets the "swelled head," and the person who imagines that he is the whole show from success of any kind is weak in the intellectual calibre.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

The men of Bloomsburg will have the rare privilege of hearing Bishop Stanford, of Chicago, next Sunday at the Men's Meeting. The Bishop is one of the strongest pulpit orators of our day. He should be greeted with a large audience. Let us crowd the building to its utmost capacity.

The evening school for young men is growing in attendance each week. Classes in arithmetic, spelling, reading, shorthand, bookkeeping, mechanical drawing and penmanship are running successfully. Friday evening the class in freehand drawing will begin. Mrs. Crosswell of the Normal will give the instruction in this study. The teachers are all specialists in the particular branch they give instruction. Mr. Meigs gives the instruction in mechanical drawing, Mr. Shultz, graduate of Bath Phonographic Institute, shorthand, A. Bruce Black, the well known penman instructs in penmanship, J. Warren Lee, book-keeper in Farmer's National Bank teaches bookkeeping and Mrs. Crosswell art teacher at the Normal School has charge of the class in drawing. Mr. Albert teaches mathematics and E. E. Caldwell has charge of the common branches. Classes in latin or greek, trigonometry and geometry will be instructed by W. W. Evans of the High School as soon as a class of six apply. It is hoped enough young men will avail themselves of the opportunity offered them of receiving instruction in these higher studies.

Social Events.

Mrs. F. G. Yorks gave an afternoon progressive euchre last Thursday to a large company of ladies.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Lutz entertained a progressive euchre party on Monday evening, about fifty ladies and gentlemen being present

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Townsend will entertain the choir of St. Paul's church at their residence on Normal Hill next Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Wells have issued invitations for a large party on Friday evening.

There will be a rush of social events from now until the Lenten season opens, which is on February 12.

Closing Out Sale.

The undersigned will close out her stock of millinery goods and fixtures at greatly reduced prices. Some rare bargains. Closing out business on account of poor health.

E. BARKLEY.

PURELY PERSONAL

E. C. Wells went to Philadelphia yesterday.

Dr. T. C. Harter went to New York on Sunday.

F. B. Hartman went to Wilkes-Barre on Wednesday.

S. C. Creasy transacted business in Scranton on Monday.

Miss Sarah Logan spent Sunday with Danville friends.

J. S. Williams, Jr. is spending a few days in Wilkes-Barre.

Thomas Harris, of Berwick, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mr. Harry Little is spending a few days with Muncy friends.

Harry Christian, of Berwick, transacted business in town Monday.

Miss Josephine Harry, of Berwick, spent Sunday in town with friends.

L. M. Creveling, Esq. of Van Camp, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

Miss Sallie King, of Berwick, spent Sunday in town with her parents on Third St.

Misses Isadore Boyles and Elizabeth Faust, of Berwick, spent Sunday in town with friends.

Mrs. Thirma Peacock and daughter, Mrs. Harry Barton, went to Philadelphia this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Dietrick spent Saturday and Sunday with the latter's parents at Orangeville.

E. S. Fornwald made an official call on Red Cross Commandery, No. 27, of Milton, Friday evening.

Prof. G. E. Wilbur went to Sunbury on Monday on business connected with the Royal Arcanum.

John G. McHenry and Ex-Sheriff J. Boyd McHenry, of Benton, went to New York last Saturday night.

Lester Richard went to Weehawken, N. J., on Monday, to accept a position with the New York Central and Hudson River Railway.

Rev. D. N. Kirkby went to Williamsport on Tuesday to attend the sessions of the Archdeaconry of Williamsport, in Christ Church.

J. G. Swank of Nescopeck, was in town on Tuesday on business for the Briarcreek Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co. of which he is President.

McKINLEY MEMORIAL MEETING.

In pursuance of the arrangements made by the general committee whose names were announced last week as having been appointed by Mayor Ikeler, a meeting was held in the Court House on Wednesday evening to commemorate the life and services of the late President McKinley. The court room was very prettily decorated with flags, and an excellent portrait of President McKinley hung back of the bench. The decorations were in charge of P. K. Vannatta, assisted by Warren Lee. Hon. Robert R. Little presided, and music was furnished by the combined church choirs of the town, making a chorus of fifty voices, under the direction of Prof. O. H. Yetter. Three selections, "America," "Lead, kindly light," and "Nearer, my God, to Thee," were rendered, with Mrs. Fred Holmes at the organ.

The program consisted of an invocation, by Rev. J. D. Smith; reading of the call of the Governor for a proper observance of McKinley's Birthday; an address by Dr. Walton of Philadelphia, on McKinley; the appointment of a committee to solicit subscriptions to the Memorial Fund; and benediction by Rev. M E. McLinn. There was a large attendance and the address was an excellent and appropriate discourse.

Messrs. Louis Cohen, W. H. Brooke, and W. H. Brower were appointed a committee on Memorial.

Notice to Liquor Sellers.

On January 20th Judge Little filed the following:

"Before licenses are granted the present session, we have a request to make of all licensees to vend intoxicating liquors, and that is, that they abstain from selling or furnishing, either directly or indirectly, to persons who have become so addicted to the use of intoxicants that it has become a disease with them, and who have tried to extricate themselves from the power of the disease by taking what is called the Keeley Cure. There should be no sales of intoxicating liquors to any such. It will be regarded hereafter as good reason, upon petition presented to this Court, for a rule to issue to show cause why the license of the person so selling or furnishing should not be revoked.

When a licensee has received notice from the wife or child, or any person authorized under the Act of Assembly to give notice, not to sell to husband or father or member of the family any intoxicating drink, and such notice afterward is followed up by another notice withdrawing the prohibition of the former notice, the second notice should have no effect whatever upon you. The first notice is the notice to be obeyed, and the Court will not regard the second notice as of any validity, or as giving you any authorization whatever to sell to such person concerning whom the notice has been given."

Public Sales.

Now is the time to fix a date for spring sales. Our sale posters are up-to date and as cheap as can be found in the county. A free notice is given in the paper until day of sale in all cases when posters are printed at this office. 4t.

CLARK & SON.

LINEN OPPORTUNITY.

No doubt there is not a housewife in this county who does not value SAVING MONEY on her purchases of LINENS.

Here is your chance. Our entire Linen stock is offered at less prices during this LINEN SALE than was ever placed on it at any sale, or the regular way. We give you TEN PER CENT. OFF of our lowest prices, which make these the cheapest Lineps of all kinds offered you.

Table Linens.

The bleached kind is all pure linen only. Choice patterns, good qualities.

All Linen Damask,	.50
" " "	.65
" " "	.75
" " "	$1.00
" " "	1.40

With still better grades.

Half Bleached Damask.

Nice, wide, good weight, all pure linen goods, with the new open borders. In two or so washings they're almost white. These special lots at 46, 50, 56, 60c. a yard, less the 10 per cent.

Pattern Cloths.

No matter what grade of linen you want it in, from $1.00 a yard up, this stock can show it in the choicest patterns, in lengths of 2½, 3, 3½ yards long. Napkins to match some of the cloths. Not all styles. See these.

Notice.

If we tell you a linen is all linen, it must be. Not part cotton, as a good many linens are to-day. We have them that have the cotton in, but we tell you.

Napkins.

Yes, Napkins in all grades, all kinds, at money saving prices during this sale. If you want Napkins don't miss these.

Towels and Toweling.

We have placed several lots of Towels on sale at a net price, which we do not allow the discount on, but all others we do. You should see these if you have toweling needs.

We open this Linen Sale on January 23d—Thursday of this week. Don't come after this sale and expect to buy Linens at these prices, for you will not.

Coats, Suits and Furs.

We have a few of these winter garments yet. If you can get suited from them, you will be surprised to see how little money it takes to own them. We do not care to carry them to another season.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

SHOES OF ALL KINDS,

except inferior shoes, can be found here. We offer honest material whether it be calf or kid, and made up in an honest manner, into stylish and durable footwear, for men, women and children.

Any and every new shape or style that is worthy of consideration will be found in our stock. Our ladies' shoes, at $2.00, have had a remarkable sale. Their merits have won friends everywhere. Another good shoe is Colonial Dame, at $2.50.

F. D. DENTLER.

TALK NO. 8.

"Dear Aunt's" Glasses.

Now and then an honest looking fellow comes along with a handsome pair of "gold" glasses in his pocket. He tells you that his dear Aunt bought them just before she died. That she paid $16.50 for them. That he is very hard up and must have money. If you can use them at $6.00 take them. He cannot starve. If you won't pay six dollars give him five—four—three—anything, to keep soul and body together. Sometimes it is his mother or his grandmother that is dead. Sometimes he found them on the train. It is always the same. He must have ready money and its a big chance for you. If you could see how many purchasers bring these glasses to me to find out whether they are worth "eighteen dollars or only twelve," you would be surprised that so many people could be humbugged. I have heard of these fellows selling forty and fifty pairs a day. Twenty-nine cents each is what they cost him.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

You Can Buy

Regular size 25 cent bottle of the best Silver Polish made for 19 cents. Only for a few days until stock is reduced.

J. LEE MARTIN,

Jeweler and Optician. Telephone 1842.

Last Chance

To secure a lot in Fernville at a low price. Only a few of these desirable lots for sale. No town taxes to pay. Terms to suit customer. Apply to W. P. MEIGS, AGT., 1 30 4t W. Main St., Bloomsburg.

Notes.

Four different forms of notes have just been printed at this office. They are, a common promissory note, promissory with waivers, judgment, and judgment with waivers. Neatly bound in books of twenty-five, 10 cents. tf.

WILD DAY IN SENATE

Bitter Personal Attacks Made During Philippine Debate.

SHARP ADMONITION FROM THE CHAIR

Teller Compelled to Retract by Lodge—Tillman and Spooner In Wordy Warfare—Department of Commerce Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—A Philippine storm was central in the senate chamber yesterday for nearly three hours, but was void of definite results. At times it looked very serious, and the spectators who thronged the galleries watched it with breathless interest.

Acrimony in senate debates is not infrequent, but old senators say it has been years since there has been such a hurricane of bitter vituperation, of personal taunt, of ugly charges and of unmodified criticism as was witnessed yesterday. Not since the discussion of the resolution leading up to the Hispano-American war have any scenes occurred in the senate comparable with those of yesterday. Even that debate lacked the personal bitterness manifested at times. Irritation was aroused on both sides of the chamber, and once or twice personal encounters between senators seemed imminent. Once when Senator Teller taunted the Republican senators by declaring they knew the statements made in a recent dispatch from Manila in which General Wheaton was represented as criticising the opponents of the government's policy in the Philippines were true a half dozen Republicans were on their feet in an instant. Senator Lodge, at whom the taunt seemed to be aimed particularly, hurriedly crossed from his seat in the center of the Republican side to the main aisle of the senate and, white to the lips, passionately challenged the statement of the Colorado senator and demanded that he withdraw it. Senator Teller so modified the statement that further hostilities at that time were averted.

One of the sharpest colloquies of the session was between Senators Spooner of Wisconsin and Tillman of South Carolina. The race problem, involving the lynching of negroes, was interjected into the controversy, and much feeling was manifested by both senators. In the course of the colloquy Mr. Spooner declared that if the same rule were to be applied to the colored people in the Philippines as Mr. Tillman referred to in the south then "God help the colored man in the Philippines."

"God help him in the Philippines now!" shouted the South Carolina senator passionately. "You have already butchered in three years three times as many as the Spaniards did in three centuries."

"It is one thing," retorted Mr. Spooner, "to kill men with arms in their hands against the government and against the flag. It is another to burn them."

Senators in their excitement seemed for the moment to have forgotten the subject of debate. The chair (Mr. Frye) was able with difficulty to maintain order. When the discussion finally was ended for the day, the chair felt called upon seriously to admonish senators that the rules of the body had not been observed, and after reading the rule which had been violated he expressed the hope that in the future senators would have a care to observe it. Such an admonition has not been made by the presiding officer of the senate in many years.

Prior to the outbreak on the Philippine question the senate concluded the consideration of the bill establishing a department of commerce and passed it. The name of the new department was changed to that of the department of commerce and labor.

Just before the adjournment of the senate yesterday Senator Spooner introduced a substitute for the Nicaragua canal bill. The new bill is a practical authorization to the president of the United States to choose between the Panama and the Nicaragua routes.

Admiral Schley In Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 29.—Rear Admiral Schley, who, under the chaperonage of the board of trade and the Knights Templars, will be Louisville's guest until Friday next, arrived here over the Monon road at 7:15 o'clock last evening. He was greeted by an admiral's salute and a shouting crowd of many hundreds at the depot. He was escorted to his carriage by the full committee representing his hosts and was driven to the residence of Marion E. Taylor, president of the board of trade. Here the admiral and Mrs. Schley spent a quiet evening. The trip from Chicago was one long ovation.

Pig Iron Production.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 29.—The Bulletin of the American Iron and Steel association says that the American Iron and Steel association has received from the manufacturers complete statistics of the production of all kinds of pig iron in the United States in 1901, also complete statistics of the stocks of pig iron which were on hand and for sale on Dec. 31, 1901. The total production of pig iron in 1901 was 15,878,354 gross tons against 13,789,242 tons in 1900, 13,620,703 tons in 1899, 11,773,934 tons in 1898 and 9,652,680 tons in 1897.

Twenty Millions For Improvements.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 27.—The Dominion government has approved of an issue of $20,000,000 of capital stock of the Canadian Pacific railway subject to the sanction of the company's shareholders, the proceeds of which are to be applied to improvement for enabling the company to handle the immense increase of traffic on its lines, especially in the northwest.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

Rear Admiral Lewis A. Kimberly, U. S. N., retired, died at West Newton, Mass.

Santos-Dumont gave two successful exhibitions with his airship at Monte Carlo.

Henry Manne, a lawyer of New York city, committed suicide in a Philadelphia hotel.

A boat found by Indians at Ahousett is believed to have belonged to the missing British sloop of war Condor.

The engineer of a New York Central passenger train was killed and the fireman hurt in a collision at Oneida, N. Y.

A tunnel company was incorporated at Albany to burrow under East river for a distance of ten miles into Kings county for underground railroads.

Tuesday, Jan. 28.

The transport Sheridan arrived at Manila with much sickness aboard.

The Colorado legislature met in extra session to pass a corporation tax law.

Emperor William of Germany celebrated his forty-third birthday with great pomp.

The German steamer Australia went ashore at the mouth of the Scheldt and broke in two.

The coldest weather of the winter was reported in Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and Iowa, with a severe blizzard in Michigan.

Monday, Jan. 27.

General Miles denies that he is a candidate for the presidency.

A large sum of counterfeit money was seized near Ponce, Porto Rico, and two arrests were made.

The will of Miss Cecelia Tully of Boston contains bequests to Catholic institutions amounting to $65,000.

Rear Admiral W. K. Van Reypen, surgeon general of the navy, has been placed on the retired list after forty years' service.

Edward Kern, the absconding valet who turned thief, confessed his identity in New Orleans and was started on the way to New York in custody of a detective.

Saturday, Jan. 25.

Severe earthquake shocks were felt in Missouri and Illinois.

Rich goldfields were reported in the Norwegian district of Montana.

Lewis Warner, an American horseman, committed suicide at Newmarket, England.

Two hundred fishermen were reported missing as the result of fierce gales on the Japanese coast.

Friday, Jan. 24.

Ten Bulgarian soldiers were killed in a fight with Turks.

Timothy C. Harrington was re-elected lord mayor of Dublin.

It was reported that Russia is preparing to invade Afghanistan.

A wealthy St. Louis man was murdered in a Turkish bath establishment.

The officers of the United Mine Workers were exonerated of the charges brought by Miss Meredith.

Lewis Nixon of New York is reported to be the head of an oil syndicate which will own pipe lines and ships to deliver products all over the world.

Thursday, Jan. 23.

The report of the Havana sanitary officer showed no case of yellow fever in December last.

Cavalry was called out to suppress an anti-Russian demonstration by Poles at Lemberg, Galicia.

A permanent organization was effected at Portland, Or., of the Lewis and Clark fair, to be held there in 1905.

Commemorative services throughout the United Kingdom and in Berlin were held on the first anniversary of Queen Victoria's death.

American Coal's Centennial.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 24.—It has been decided to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the day coal was first burned in this country. This was Feb. 11, 1802. The grate in which it was fired is still in existence. The attempt was made at an old log tavern kept by Jesse Fell and later used as the county courtroom. The winter was severe, and, rumors having reached the town that the "black rock," which was about the town in plenty, was a fuel and gave good heat, it was decided to try it. A grate was built, and most of the notable persons in the town assembled at the tavern to see the attempt.

Monastery and Monks Burned.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Cabling from Vienna, the correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that the newspapers of Athens report the celebrated St. Paul monastery, on Mount Athos, to have been burned last Thursday night and that the prior and nine monks perished, while twenty others were seriously injured. The occupants of the monastery were sleeping at the time the fire broke out, according to the Athens papers, and the monastery itself was damaged to the extent of £80,000.

Gold Found In Wisconsin.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, Wis., Jan. 24.—The report that ore taken from the bluffs north of this city includes gold and silver in paying quantities is confirmed by assays made by chemists and metallurgists whose standing places their reports beyond question. The assays show bullion running from $1.30 to $17.30 per ton on samples taken from the ledge. The average per ton is about $8.

William Gives Away Yachts.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—Emperor William has presented his yachts Meteor and Comet to the German navy. The Meteor, which will be renamed Orion, is for the use of naval officers at Kiel, while the Comet is for the use of the officers at Wilhelmshaven. Emperor William has promoted Vice Admiral von Diederichs to be an admiral.

A Matter of Conscience

By WILLIAM BLOSS

(Copyright, 1901, by Authors Syndicate.)

MOST of you probably remember what a stir was made when that $37,000 package of currency shipped by the Cook County national bank of Chicago to its principal correspondent in Kansas, the Kaw Valley Farmers' bank, disappeared between night and day, between heaven and earth, in the twinkling of an eye, as vanishes a specter, and left no sign behind.

"Very interesting case, very," said the superintendent of the Bolerton private detective agency, rubbing his hands with discreet enthusiasm, as he gleaned from the lips of the manager of the express company from whose custody the valuable package had been lost the brief story of the disappearance. "Quite unusual, indeed. We'll have the rascal, and the money, too, inside of three days, take my word for it."

"Do you really think so?" eagerly queried the manager, catching sharply at this plank of hope, for he had felt quite depressed over things.

"Sure," answered the Bolerton expert, "sure." And he went away whistling cheerily.

But at the end of twice three days he came back and gloomily asked for more data. He had to have something to work on, he said.

This rather pleased the manager, in his secret heart. Indeed, I think he felt better over this confession of impotence than he would if the Bolerton person had walked in with the thief in one hand and the money in the other. You see, the Bolerton person had rather nettled the manager with his airy ways and his offensive overconfidence. The manager chuckled, therefore, when he was appealed to for more facts. The Bolerton person had quite lost his jaunty manner and seemed wholly willing to sit as a disciple at the feet of wisdom.

"I told you in the first place, Winslow, you'd find this a pretty tough nut to crack. I've been in my business 30 years, and this beats me, clear. But no, you were so cocksure. Going to get the man and the goods—I think you called the money 'the goods'—in three days! Now it's a week, and you come back to me for a fresh start. I thought you advertised that you ran a detective agency and that you never slept."

Winslow was duly humble and failed to resent these sarcasms.

"I only asked for some more facts," he said, mildly.

"There aren't any more facts. You've got 'em all. Here—the bank hands in its package; its messenger gets a receipt for it; the package is receipted into a sealed safe; the messenger on our Kansas City car receipts for the safe; he delivers it to Kansas City. Kansas City opens it and says the $37,000 package isn't there. There isn't any dummy, there isn't anything, not even disorder. That's all we know. As for suspicions, we haven't any. All of our employes who had access to that package are old and tried. Besides that, one man couldn't have got away with it alone—there would have had to be two. You've had the whole force under fire for a week and you found out—what? Why, that every mother's son of the men you have shadowed are temperate, married, home-loving, good, honest, decent citizens, with a stake in the community and a good name to take care of."

The superintendent made a gesture with his hands outspreading, meaning that he admitted all that.

"I wouldn't care so much about the loss in money," the manager went on; "this company isn't going to lose any dividends because $37,000 fell through a mysterious hole in its pocket and hid itself—but as long as the case isn't cleared up we are naturally in an unhappy state of mind. It isn't pleasant, standing on the edge of a quicksand, you know. None of us know when such a thing will happen again. And next time the package might be really worth something. I don't suppose you have any ideas—"

The superintendent smiled grimly and the line of his lips grew very straight.

"—But probably you'd better keep on the case. Maybe some day you'll have one."

Then the manager wheeled back to his desk, and Winslow walked slowly out, with two deep vertical wrinkles in the middle of his brow.

Brand McCullough had the night run on Wednesdays and Saturdays from Chicago to Kansas City as messenger for the Ocean & Lakes Express company. Tuesday nights and Thursday nights he doubled back. When he got to Kansas City on Sunday mornings he did not have to report for duty until train time Tuesday evening, and this delightful three-days' breathing oasis in a hard-worked and responsible occupation he spent almost wholly in the company of the young and charming Mrs. Brand McCullough, who now had been a matron nearly half a year, but had not yet ceased to be a sweetheart. They had been married when Brand received his promotion, in February, and were living in a bird cage hung from the summit of the ragged cliff over the broad Savannah, through which the gentle Kaw flows to its turbulent nuptuals with its muddy mate. And these two young married lovers were so purely happy that they still liked to take moonlight rides together in the bewildering flight of rocket-like trolley cars bound for Independence, ten miles away, or the green vineyards beyond ancient Westport, a place of fame before Kansas City had even a being. They liked to hold hands in moonlitten parks on quiet Sunday nights, and once Brand had been seduced to kiss her in the shadows whereunder he had paddled a toy boat they sat in, whereat Mollie had blushed bewitchingly and cried out softly that he must stop.

They hoped, anon, to own their own bird cage, and went frequently abroad to look for one they should buy and gild, when Brand had saved half of three years' salary. Already the little savings account in the Armour bank rose in fair proportions, looking back with pride down the aisle of its seven entries. The fact is that Brand was as sturdy, upright, conscientious and honorable a young husband and employe as you might find in any three states—and that Mollie was as true a woman as she was dear a wife, as pure in mind and morals as she was fair in all the sweet coming of maternity.

Now, when cruel temptation falls upon such a pair and besets them sore, and through no fault of theirs, the devil is in it, don't you think?

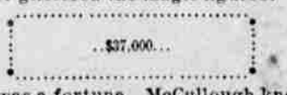
On the Saturday night during which the $37,000 package of the Law Valley Farmers' bank took wings out of some unknown window, McCullough had the Kansas City run. As for actual physical duties, they were few enough, after the fast train had gotten out of Chicago. Now and then, at big towns, he had a package to receive or deliver. The through safe he could not open had he wished. His duty was to guard it. To guard it was really what the company paid him his wages for. A loaded Winchester and a double barreled shotgun, sawed off to half its original length and charged with about a pint of buckshot, were part of the tools of his trade. His motto was: No train robbers need apply.

Sunday morning at three o'clock. Flying express rushing westward, half way across the big state of Missouri. Brand McCullough dozing in his armchair, lightly, his night's work practically done. He is day-dreaming of Mollie and the new bird cage, of the time when he may be a proud father, of the later time when he may be the superintendent of his division, and go home every night in the week.

A queer creaking sound behind him in the car rouses him sharply, and as he starts upon his feet what seems a heavy hand falls weightily on his shoulder, staggering him by its onset. A hundred swift sensations invade his brain—hidden robbers, death grapples, surrender, fight, duty, Mollie—they troop across his fancy, but even as his thought flashed, he threw up his arms to sieze his assailant, and whirled about to meet what might come, red, panting, but desperately determined.

Then, whether to laugh or swear, McCullough was undetermined. His hands had fastened upon the cowering, and now chattering, body of the elfish-faced monkey consigned to the Troost park zoo in Kansas City, which had left its crockery crate cage through some secret door of its own and now sought society. For an instant Brand stood at gaze, shocked that he was truly alive and wholly safe, and then he laughed wildly. The reaction from his strenuous fancies was too strong to be controlled.

He dragged the crated cage into the middle of his car, still holding his little prisoner with one arm. Its door swung open, but not upon its leather hinges. These had been gnawed through and the door dangled from the padlock securing it upon the other side. He pushed the unwilling captive again within. As he looked about him for a bit of wrapping twine, the beast dipped sharply into the hay-strewn corner where he had made his bed and chattering wildly in Volapuk held aloft a prize, which made Brand start. It was red-sealed with many dabs of wax and tied securely with many wrappings of twine. In its left hand upper corner glittered the magic figures:



It was a fortune. McCullough knew that even before he reached hastily into the crate and snatched his prize from the tenant, which bit him sharply as he drew out his hand. And then—

Yes, and then. What would you have done? McCullough took the package home, still sealed. He didn't have to open it to know its contents. He'd seen money like it before. In two days the newspapers told him all about it—all, that is, that anyone knew. As for himself, he wasn't even suspected. Winslow asked him a few trifling questions, and let it go at that. The safe had a time lock. Brand receipted for the safe, not its contents.

It was a month and a day after the queer disappearance of the big money package. Messenger Brand McCullough appeared at the Chicago office of the express company and sought a private interview with the manager. It was accorded, with curiosity. Such a request was unusual. The visitor began by laying upon the manager's desk the $37,000 package—unopened, untampered with. The manager started. McCullough was red and pale by turns. When he told his story, it was hoarsely. He ended it by crying—just a bit, as a man may, you know.

The manager patted his back kindly.

"So you say it was Mollie, eh?" said the great man. "Mollie and the baby? And conscience? Eh? Well, well! And conscience won the fight? And love? Well, well, well.

"You go back to your run, McCullough. No. Take a week off with Mollie and pick out that bird cage. I'll see that the company does the rest. There, there. Let it go at that. Report back September 1."

But Winslow never could get the monkey to tell how he got the prize. The monk knew, but he wouldn't tell.

MODEST LITTLE MAID.

Wrote a Nice Letter to President Harper of the Chicago University to Act as Her Escort.

Dr. Harper, of the University of Chicago, had reason the other day for the unusual broad smile that lingered on his countenance when he recalled the letter that had reached him from Pecatonica, Ill., in the morning, as follows:

"Dear Dr. Harper—I know you will be pleased to learn that I have decided to come to the university school of education this fall. I am going to Chicago next Saturday on the morning train, and, as I have never been in

I'LL MEET HER.

the city before, I would be glad if you would meet me at the depot.

"I am five feet four inches tall. I have light hair and blue eyes and a pleasing appearance. I shall wear a dark brown traveling skirt and a blue waist with a white yoke. I think I shall recognize you from your pictures, but for fear that I may make a mistake, will you please wear your card in your hat? Yours truly, etc."

After reading the letter the president turned it over to his secretary, Dr. Francis Shepardson, with instructions to take it to M. C. MacLean, the head of the bureau of information. Following Dr. Harper's instructions, Dr. Shepardson took the letter to Mr. MacLean and suggested that the latter inform the young lady that it would be rather inconvenient for the president of the university to meet her and that, in addition, it would be setting a bad precedent.

But right there the chivalric nature of the head of the information bureau bubbled forth as he pictured a pretty co-ed "of pleasing appearance" alone and lonesome in a great city. He declared that if the president of the univresity could not meet her he would, and he immediately set to work to discover on which train the fair one would arrive.

AN ATHLETIC EMBRACE.

Experience of a Baltimore Man with a Friend Whose Strength Was Failing.

"You don't seem to be moving with your usual sprightly agility," said one Baltimore Sun reporter to another as the latter climbed gingerly on a John street car and signaled the conductor not to start the car until he had carefully adjusted himself in the end seat.

"You'd be as decrepit as I am," grimly retorted the other, "if you had been the victim of the same misplaced affection.

"Yes," he continued, "I went to see Spencer off on a Boston boat the other

GAVE ME A HUG.

afternoon. Spencer is a crank on athletics, and he said he was going to Boston to recuperate his strength. He felt he'd sort of lost his grip—lost his muscle.

"I was bemoaning the ill luck that kept me drudging instead of accompanying him, when the captain shouted: 'All hands ashore!' I prepared to step off the gang plank when Spencer suddenly swung his right arm around me and gave me a hug which can only be compared to that of the redoubtable Samson of Bible lore. When, gasping for breath, I found myself released and asked if he had designs on my life, he said: 'Only a fraternal embrace, old man—a fraternal embrace,' then waved me off the steamer.

"Two broken ribs are the sequel of the story. I mean to mail Spencer the doctor's bill and tell him he needn't worry over any immediate failure of strength, and I also mean to make a house-to-house canvass among the girls he knows and advise them to wear armor plate if their intimacy with him ever ripens to a point where a fraternal embrace may be expected."

The fancy skater is handy with his feet.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE FARMER'S WIFE is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are exactly akin to the churning of butter. Is it not apparent then that if this stomach churn is "sour" it sours all which is put into it? The evil of a foul stomach is not the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of the blood and the dissemination of disease throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every tainting or corrupting element. "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant and no narcotic.

When a man refuses to buy his wife a new coat she is perhaps justified in saying that he doesn't care a rap for her.

A Short Review of the February "Ladies Home Journal."

The February issue of "The Ladies' Home Journal opens with the first part of Miss Porter's new romance of the South, "Those Days in Old Virginia," illustrated by W. L. Taylor. This is followed by Joseph Blethen's story of "The Girls of Flat G," a tale of four girls who established "Bachelors' hall," and the third installment of "The Russells in Chicago," a clever satire on the way they do things in the Western metropolis. A most interesting and timely contribution is "My Impressions of American Women," by His Excellency, Wu Ting-fang, Chinese Minister to the United States. Clifford Howard describes Madame Modjeska's paradise of a home in Southern California, and Franklin B. Wiley writes of "The Summer Homes of Well-Known People," telling and showing where such famous folk as Paderewski and Marion Crawford and a dozen others spend the warm months. For the children are "The Journal's Puzzle School," a new game, and a description of how to make "smoke pictures." The editorial page is given up to the first of the "Mothers' Meetings," a new department which will appear at intervals hereafter, and several clever poems and short stories are printed in "Under the Evening Lamp." In the departmental section Edward Howard Griggs's talks on education continue; Mrs. Sangster has a special page for "When Days of Illness Come," and all the regular departments maintain the high standard of the magazine. The Valentine cover is by Henry Hutt; and the pictorial features include a page of most attractive pictures of dogs, and a double page showing "The College Girl in Music and Drama." By The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar a year; ten cents a copy

RAILROAD NOTES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

MEXICO AND CALIFORNIA.—FORTY-FIVE DAYS' TOUR VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Personally-Conducted Tour to Mexico and California which leaves New York and Philadelphia on February 11 by special Pullman train, covers a large and intensely interesting portion of North America, embracing a great part of Mexico, the beautiful coast resorts of California, and on the return journey from California, the Grand Canon of Arizona, one of the great wonders of the country. Fourteen days will be spent in Mexico and nineteen in California. The Mexico and California Special, to be used over the entire trip, will be composed of the highest grade Pullman Parlor, Smoking, Dining, Drawing-room, Sleeping Compartment, and Observation cars, heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Round-trip rate, covering all necessary expenses during the entire trip, $575 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad system east of Pittsburg, and $570 from Pittsburg. For the tour of Mexico only the rate will be $350, and for California only, which will leave February 25, $375. For itinerary and full information, apply to ticket agents, or address George W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Jan. 30-2t.

Matrimonial College.

There is some talk of establishing a woman's college of matrimony, to be located in Chelsea, England, where the duties of a wife will become the subject of a two-year course of study. The curriculum will embrace not only the usual branches of housewifery, such as cooking, serving and laundry work, but is intended to deal with physiology and medicine as well, so that the students will receive mental discipline in connection with the manual training.

On Jellies
preserves and pickles, spread a thin coating of
PURE REFINED PARAFFINE
Will keep them absolutely moisture and acid proof. Pure Refined Paraffine is also useful in a dozen other ways about the house. Full directions in each package. Sold everywhere.
STANDARD OIL CO.

THE CLEANSING And HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly Absorbed.

Gives Relief at once

It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.

Allays Inflammation.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEA

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50c. Druggists or by mail. Trial Size 10c by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

THE PATRICK TRIAL.

Texas Lawyer Says Rice and Accused Man Never Met.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Captain James A. Baker of Houston, Tex., member of a law firm that for forty years was counsel to the late William Marsh Rice, an aged millionaire, whose murder Albert T. Patrick is accused of, was called as a witness yesterday at the trial of Patrick before Recorder Goff. Captain Baker said Patrick had been an attorney opposed to Rice in the litigation following bequests of millions by Mrs. Rice which Mr. Rice claimed as his property. Once Patrick offered Baker $350,000 to settle the litigation. The offer was spurned.

After Rice's death Captain Baker said he was astounded to find Patrick in charge of the old millionaire's affairs. He told Patrick that Rice had often expressed an intense bitterness toward him because of Patrick's part in the litigation.

The witness swore that to the best of his knowledge Rice and Patrick had never met.

Captain Baker at the afternoon session of the court said Patrick told him that he (Patrick) had met Rice through a newspaper advertisement and that they had reached an understanding and as a result the aged millionaire was to make Patrick residuary legatee of his estate, exacting a promise that Patrick would give part of the fortune to charitable institutions and exploit Rice's name as a philanthropist. Patrick said, however, that he was to get nine-tenths of the estate unconditionally, according to Captain Baker's story.

THE MANCHURIAN TREATY.

Celebration of Chinese New Year Will Delay Signing.

PEKING, Jan. 29.—Governmental business will be practically suspended for one month on account of the Chinese New Year festivities.

While the Manchurian treaty is almost ready to sign, it probably will not be signed until after the New Year. Russia has not committed herself in writing to a reply to the written statement of the Chinese plenipotentiaries containing the objections of the latter to the treaty, but it is learned upon the highest authority that Paul Lessar, the Russian minister to China, has verbally conceded all China's objections to this treaty, excepting the Chinese demurrer to the prohibition of taking artillery into Manchuria without the consent of Russia. This appears to be a comparatively unimportant point, and M. Lessar is communicating with the government concerning it.

TWENTY-ONE MINERS KILLED.

Gas Explosion In an Iowa Mine Causes Great Loss.

OSKALOOSA, Ia., Jan. 25.—As the result of a terrible mine disaster at Lost Creek yesterday afternoon twenty-one are dead in an improvised morgue and eight are in a temporary hospital.

The explosion occurred at the noon hour and was what is known as a "dust" explosion. The miners had just fired their usual noon shots, one of which proved to be a fizzle. The burning powder ignited the gas, and the explosion followed. Smoke and debris were blown out of the shaft 200 feet high. Part of the top works was torn away, and the fans and cages were partially wrecked.

BURIED TREASURE FOUND.

Chinese Money Undisturbed During Foreign Invasion.

PEKING, Jan. 27.—Chinese officials have found treasure to the value of over 100,000,000 taels in gold and silver which was buried in the women's quarters of the palace before the court fled from Peking.

The court has granted 5,000,000 taels annually to Yuan Shi Kai, viceroy of Chili, for the maintenance of an army of 100,000 men in Chili province.

Yuan Shi Kai has been given practical control of the army and navy of China and proposes engaging Japanese instructors for the army and British instructors for the navy.

Bold Express Robbery.

BRANCHVILLE, S. C., Jan. 28.—A carefully planned and audacious express robbery took place about 7 o'clock last evening on the Southern railroad when the passenger train from Charleston reached nearly the exact site of the successful robbery of two years ago, five miles from Branchville.

Increase of Manufactures.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—According to statistics collected by the census bureau the gross value of the products of manufacture in the United States in 1900 was $13,003,127,682 as compared with $9,372,437,282 in 1890, an increase of 38.73 per cent.

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Again unsettled and easy at nominally unchanged prices; Minnesota patents, $3.80@4.10; winter straights, $3.60@3.70; winter extras, $2.90@3.20; winter patents, $3.75@4.

WHEAT—Higher at first on foreign buying, the wheat market broke with coarse grains and then rallied on covering; May, 82⅞@83⅞c.; July, 82⅝@83 7-16c.

CORN—Easy; state, 63@64c., c. i. f., New York; car lots; No. 2 western, 66½c., f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—The corn market opened up with a turned weak on the depression in wheat and rallied later on covering; May, 64¾c.; July, 64¼@65¼c.

OATS—After a steady opening oats suffered another bad break at Chicago on bear raid and then rallied on general support; track, white, state, 48@52c.; track, white, western, 48@53c.

BEEF—Easy; mess, $14@17; family, $17@18.

BEEF—Easy; prime western steam.

BUTTER—Firm; state dairy, 14@23c.; creamery, 16@25c.

CHEESE—Firm; state, full cream, small, colored and white, made, fancy, colored, 11¼@11¾c.; fancy, white, full cream, small, early made, fancy, colored, 11¼@11¾c.; large, early made, 10¾c.; large, early made, white, 10¾c.

EGGS—Firm; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 28c.; western, at mark, 28c.

POTATOES—Dull; city, 65c.; country, 65c.

RICE—Dull; shipping, 60@65c.; good to prime, 85@90c.

WHAT THEY SAY

Extracts From Various Sources Indicating Democratic Opinion Regarding Questions of the Day.

Reciprocity is a good deal nearer free trade than was the revenue reform advocated by Cleveland and the Democratic party in 1888 and 1892. It's a wonder, therefore, that the extreme protectionists don't denounce the reciprocityites as traitors—as they denounced the Democrats when they advocated the same thing under another name.—Titusville (Pa.) Advance Guard.

What a bargain we got when we bought from Spain her Philippine war for a beggarly $20,000,000! Instead of a cheap insurrection, our purchase turns out to be a $400,000,000 affair at least, and there is no limit to the possible expansion of the figures. The greatest luck Spain has had in three hundred years came to her in Manila Bay and off Santiago.—Philadelphia North American (Rep.)

Andrew Carnegie has made between one and two hundred million dollars, enough to make 15 to 20 thousand families, 75,000 people, very comfortable, by means of the protective tariff that robs the many to enrich the few. He knows exactly how it works, and having become enormously rich by this legal robbery, and having retired from business, he says, "The best policy is to reduce protection duties." He is right in this. Every principle of justice and fairness demands this.—Shelbina (Mo.) Democrat.

The last public utterance of ex-Ripper Recorder A. M. Brown, of Pittsburg, to the effect that Governor Stone was the custodian of the fund raised to pass the infamous ripper through the legislature last winter has gotten that garrulous old hasbeen into a peck of trouble. If what he says is true he knew all about the illegal and disgraceful means used to pass the bill, and if he was half as honest as he now wants people to believe, he should not have accepted office at the hands of Governor Stone or any other corruptionist connected with the gang. The trouble with the old major is that he did not become honest soon enough. Remorse of conscience, such as Brown is now experiencing, comes too late to be of benefit to the people, unless he tells the whole story. He will hardly do that, as a lot of other "reformers" now patting him on the back would be in the hole as deep if not deeper than Goldbrick Bill.—Clearfield Republican.

"The Philippine Tariff measure passed the house of representatives by a party vote. It is one of the most shameless pieces of legislation ever proposed by any party and ought to seal the political fate of every man who supports it. England, in her oppression of American colonies, never was guilty of anything more tyrannical, and even Spain, whose despotism aroused our country's armed protection in behalf of Cuba—even Spain lacked the refined cruelty which the Republican leaders practiced with seeming enjoyment. While the West Indies were under the rule of Castillians they enjoyed free trade with the mother country and had representation in the imperial parliament, but the Filipinos, after co-operating with us against Spain, bought like chattels from a vanquished foe, were placed under the control of high-priced carpetbag officials. They are to be shut out of commercial intercourse with the states by the high tariff wall constructed to enable a few American manufacturers to grow rich at the expense of the rest of the people, and are denied representation in the legislature which taxes them. The Democrats in the house will greatly strengthen their party by great opposition to the measure."—Wm. J. Bryan

We said, the other day, that President Roosevelt had evidently been imposed upon by the Pennsylvania senators when he nominated their man, Saylor, for consul at Dawson, Canada. If Mr. Roosevelt found that Saylor had been booked for this appointment by President McKinley, and if he sent the name in without other information as to the character and antecedents of the appointee, we can understand how the mistake came to be made. The endorsement of Quay and Penrose ought, perhaps, to have been considered as a suspicious circumstance, but under the press and rush of business and the necessity of seeing an average of 100 visitors per day the natural suspicion which attaches to a recommendation from that quarter might have been overlooked. Now that the bad record of the man, however, has been brought to light, the president should promptly withdraw the nomination. The naming of Saylor as consul at Matanzas by Mr. McKinley was one of the most deplorable appointments of the latter's career. The good people of Philadelphia are not easily shocked by the doings of their politicians, but the appointment of a man who has just been detected in attempting to swindle the state while serving on an investigating committee of the legislature, stirred them mightily. They sent a delegation to Washington to remonstrate with the president against this galling indignity, but in vain. The would-be swindler was appointed consul at Matanzas. The war with Spain swept away a great many abuses of one kind and another, and it was supposed that Saylor's consulship had gone with the rest, but now it appears that he was only reserved for a more important position at the capital of the Klondike, where the disgrace of his appointment will be more conspicuous and glaring than it could be in a second-rate Spanish-American town.—New York Evening Post.

PHOTOGRAPHS THAT TALK.

Latest Talking-Machine Invented in England Which Operates on an Entirely New Principle.

The physical properties of sound embrace a wide field, and, though one might suppose that the possible varieties of talking-machines had been pretty well exhausted, such does not appear to be the case. A new one has appeared in England which is based on a principle altogether novel, depending upon photography for its effects, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

The contrivance in question utilizes a flame, lighted at the mouth of a pipe which is expanded below into a sort of box. On one side of the box is a diaphragm, against which a person talks. The vibrations of the diaphragm thus produced cause the flame, as one might expect, to jump up and down.

Now, while the talking goes on, the jumping flame is photographed on a moving film, the result being a band of varying intensity. To reproduce the sounds, a beam of light is projected through this band upon a selenium cell which is included in a circuit with a battery and a telephone.

The electrical conductivity of the selenium is varied by light, and the result of the passing of the beam is to cause variations in the current of the telephone circuit. Any variations in air-waves make sound, and thus the original voice of the speaker is accurately reproduced.

Sound records made in this way can be multiplied indefinitely by the use of photography.

Thrilling Snake Experience.

One of the most thrilling affairs in the way of a snake experience happened to a young son of C. B Royal, an employe of the Seaboard Air Line railway at Yulee, Fla. The young fellow, who is only about 12 or 13 years old, was riding from Amelia Beach into Fernandina on his bicycle, when, near the residence of Jimmie Drummond, he ran over an immense rattlesnake which was crossing the road. When the wheel came in contact with the snake he was thrown to the ground and the snake immediately put himself in coil and struck at the boy, missing him with his fangs and striking the body of the bicycle, on which can now be seen their imprint. The body of the snake came in contact with the shoulder of the boy, who was almost paralyzed with fear. At about that time Drummond appeared on the scene and captured the snake, which was a tremendous one, being eight feet long and fully 12 inches in circumference.

The bather sometimes finds the sand soft and yielding to his feet. It does not trouble him and he goes on until presently he sinks to his knees and discovers to his horror that he has to fight for his life in a quicksand.

Disease is much like the quicksand. The first symptoms of stomach trouble do not cause anxiety. But when the body grows weak through lack of nourishment and disease of the stomach breeds disease of heart, lungs, liver or kidneys, the sufferer realizes his danger and seeks for medicinal aid.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures diseases of heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, etc., when these diseases have their origin in disease of the stomach and its allied organs.

Thomas A. Swarts, of Sub-Station C., Columbus, Ohio, Box 103, writes: "I was taken with severe headache, then cramps in the stomach, and my food would not digest, then kidney and liver trouble, and my back got weak so I could scarcely get around. At last I had all the complaints at once, and the more I doctored the worse I got until six years passed. I had become so poorly I could only walk in the house by the aid of a chair, and I got so thin I had given up to die. Then a neighbor said, 'Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and make a new man out of yourself.' The first bottle helped me so I thought I would get another, and after I had taken eight bottles, in about six weeks, I was weighed and found I had gained twenty-seven (27) pounds. I have done more hard work in the past eleven months than I did in two years before, and I am as stout and healthy to-day, I think, as I ever was."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to resolution of the Board of Directors of the Bloomsburg Silk Mill Company, that a meeting of stockholders of said Company is called to convene at the general office of the Company on the 21st day of February, 1902, to take action on approval or disapproval of the proposed increase of the capital stock of the Company from $200,000.00 to $500 000 00.

1 30 Attest: L. E. WALLER, Sec'y.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN HOWELL, LATE OF BLOOMSBURG, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Howell, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned administratrix, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

MARY HOWELL, Executrix.

1-2-6t. Bloomsburg, Pa.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1902 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

1. First and final account of C. M. Creveling and D. J. Waller, Jr., trustees of the holders of a series of bonds issued by James Magee 2nd, James Magee 1st and W. H Vanderherchen, aggregating the sum of fifty thousand dollars, being dated the 27 day of January A. D 1890 and secured by a first lien mortgage of even date therewith upon the real estate situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, known as the Bloomsburg Carpet Mill property.

2. Final account of Charles Beaver Committee of Clark B. Stewart a lunatic, by the executors of Charles Beaver, deceased.

W. H. HENRIE, Proth'y.

Proth'y Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Jan. 9, 1902.

HARD WORK

When Your Nerves Give Way, Dr. Greene's Nervura Builds Them Up and Makes Honest Strength.

The woman who does her own work and takes care of children has need of all her strength. All around us there are examples of what overwork will do. It overtaxes the nerves too, and then trouble begins.

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the great strengthener for overworked women. It gives them strength from their food and strength from perfect rest at night. It regulates the nerves and builds up in every way.

MRS. JOHN H. LAUX, 48 Springfield Ave., Newark, N.J., says:

"When I began to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy I was terribly run down. My baby had been very sick, and I was nursing him day and night. I got so worried I couldn't eat nor sleep. When I tried to eat my heart seemed to come up in a lump in my throat and choke me, and I would leave everything untasted. Any little noise would make me jump, and I lost all my color and got so thin I thought I would break down myself. That was when I decided to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I am thankful to say it helped me wonderfully

It enabled me to bear the terrible strain of my baby's sickness, and kept me from breaking down in spite of all I had to stand. My appetite and color returned and I began to gain flesh. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to all women run down through overwork, sickness, or any cause, and I give this letter in the hope that other mothers who are worrying over their sick children and trying to do their work, may know how to keep up the health under such trying circumstances."

You love your home and your children, and you want to do the work, but when you over-do, your nerves begin to cry out against outrage. You must have help, and you'll find it in Dr. Greene's Nervura, which is known everywhere, and which is everywhere working wonders for women.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOSEPH W. HENDERSHOTT, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to distribute balance in the hands of M. P. Lutz, administration c. t. a., of Joseph Hendershott, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Friday, January 31, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims must appear and present the same or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

GRANT HERRING, Auditor.

1-9-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF THOMAS W. MCKENNEY, LATE OF GREENWOOD TWP., COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA., DECEASED.

The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the Administrator, Amos Neyhard, will sit at the office of Clinton Herring in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, January 31, 1902, at nine o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in the fund in the hands of the administrator of said deceased will appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. E. KREISHER, Auditor.

1-9-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF GEORGE BEAGLE, LATE OF MADISON TOWNSHIP, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA., DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Frederick Beagle, Administrator of said deceased, as shown by his first and final account, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto; will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Saturday February 1, 1902, at 9 o'clock a. m. when and where all persons interested in said estate must appear or forever after be debarred from coming in on said fund.

CLINTON HERRING, Auditor.

1-9-4t

NOTICE.

TO APPLICANTS FOR CERTIFICATES, OF HAVING PASSED A SUCCESSFUL EXAMINATION, TO BE CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICE OF MINE INSPECTOR OF THE FOURTH, FIFTH AND SIXTH INSPECTION DISTRICTS, AS PROVIDED BY ACT OF ASSEMBLY, APPROVED JUNE 8, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that an examination of applicants for certificates, in accordance with the above Act of Assembly, of having passed a successful examination, to be candidates for the office of mine inspector for the Fourth District, the County of Schuylkill; for the Fifth District, the County of Northumberland, and for the Sixth District, the County of Columbia, will be held on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Board of Trade Rooms, on the second floor of the Mountain City Building, on the corner of Centre and Norwegian streets, Pottsville, when and where all applicants are requested to present themselves for examination.

Applicants are requested to advise the Chairman of the Board at as early a date as possible, of their intention to be present for examination.

HERER S. THOMSON, Chairman,
JOHN S. HOFFMAN,
P. J. CURLEY,
P. J. GAFFNEY,
JOHN DRUMHEISER,
Board of Examiners.

1 16 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1902,

at two o'clock p. m., all that certain lot, or piece of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate on the northeast corner of Spruce and Fourth streets, in the Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company's Addition to the said Town of Bloomsburg, and known and designated as lots No. 11 and 12, in Block No. 4, in the plot or draft of said Addition, compiled by samuel Neyhard and James C. Brown, in the year 1891 and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of Spruce and Fourth streets; thence along said Spruce street north twenty-three degrees and fifty-four minutes west, one hundred and eighty-four feet to an alley; thence along said alley north sixty-six degrees and six minutes east, eighty feet to lot number 13; thence along said lot number 13, south twenty-three degrees and fifty-four minutes east, one hundred and eighty-four feet to Fourth street, aforesaid; thence along said Fourth street south sixty-six degrees and six minutes west, eighty feet to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a large, fine

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

chicken coops and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of The Pennsylvania Trust Company vs. Alveretta Bittenbender and John K. Bittenbender, and to be sold as the property of Alveretta Bittenbender and John K. Bittenbender.

DANIEL KNORR, Sheriff.

HARMAN Atty.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1902

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land, situate in the township of Mt. Pleasant, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Millville and lands of C. C. Long and other land of Mary E. Weiss; thence north in centre of said road and land of said Weiss sixteen degrees thirty minutes west, three hundred and twenty-six and five-tenth feet to a point; thence north along the same seven degrees forty-five minutes west, three hundred and seventy-nine feet to a point; thence along the same north nineteen degrees forty-five minutes west, one hundred and sixty-three feet to a point; thence along the same north eleven degrees west, seven hundred and thirty-four feet to a point in the public road aforesaid and land of Elmer Creveling, now Harmony; thence along land of said Creveling north, sixty-nine degrees thirty minutes east, eight hundred and forty-one and five-tenths feet to a dead pine; thence along lands of Emanuel Gilbert and Jesse Hutton estate north, eighty-seven degrees east, two thousand five hundred and seventeen and nine-tenth feet to a stone; thence along same lands of Jesse Hutton and A. V. Kressler north, thirty-four degrees thirty minutes east, one thousand five hundred and sixty-two and five-tenth feet to a stake; thence along land of Samuel Shaffer north, eighty-seven degrees thirty minutes west, one thousand seven hundred and forty-nine feet to a ; thence along the same south, twenty-eight degrees forty-five minutes east, four hundred and ninety-five feet to a stone heap; thence along land of C. C. Long aforesaid south, eighty-one degrees thirty minutes west, four hundred and seven and five-tenths feet to a hickory; thence along same south, sixty-one degrees fifteen minutes west, two hundred and thirty-nine and two-tenths feet to a chestnut; thence along same south, eighty-two degrees forty-five minutes west, forty-seven feet to the place of beginning, containing

81 A D 28-100 ACRES,

upon which are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

bank barn, spring house, wagon shed and outbuildings.

Seized and taken into execution at the suit of Joseph Deppen vs. Wm. H. Magill, James Reilley and Wm. Rush, and to be sold as the property of Wm. H. Magill, James Reilly and Wm. Rush.

DANIEL KNORR, Sheriff.

CHRISMAN, Att'y.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1902

at 2 o'clock p. m. all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate on the south side of East Third street, in the Addition of the Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company to the Town of Bloomsburg, in Columbia County, Pa., and being known and designated as lot No. 5, in block 3, in the plot or draft of said Addition, compiled by Samuel Neyhard and James C. Brown, in the year 1891, the said lot being further bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Third street and Spruce street; thence south twenty-three degrees and fifty-four minutes east, along said Spruce street, one hundred and eighty-four feet, more or less, to an alley in the rear; thence along said alley south sixty-six degrees and six minutes west, forty feet to lot No. 4; thence along said lot No. 4 north twenty-four degrees and 54 minutes west, one hundred and eight-four feet, more or less, to East Third street, aforesaid; thence along East Third street, aforesaid, north sixty-six degrees and six minutes east, forty feet to a corner of East Third street and Spruce street, to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of The Harrisburg Saving and Loan Association vs. Wm. H. Magill, and to be sold as the property of Wm. H. Magill.

DANIEL KNORR, Sheriff.

CHRISMAN, Atty.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia county on the first Monday of February A. D. 1902 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

Estate of Mary Shaffer, late of Greenwood Twp., dec'd. Minor child's supplementary appraisement. Personalty $300.

Estate of David Z. Remaley, late of Centre Twp., deceased. Personalty $400.

Estate of William Romberger, late of Locust Twp., deceased. Personalty $166.75.

Estate of John Swank, late of Bloomsburg, deceased. Personalty $58.50. Realty $241.50.

Estate of George W. Bloss, late of Conyngham Twp., deceased. Realty $75.00.

W. H. HENRIE, CLERK, O. C.

Clerk's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Jan. 9, 1902.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Eat's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. R. STEES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, in Ent Bldg, BLOOMSBURG, PA

H. A. McKILLIP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2n Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
☞ Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexander Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD FLYNN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
☞ Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office and residence, 410 Main St
3-70-1 BLOOMSBURG, PA

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED. GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 Telephone.

DR M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Street,
BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
☞ To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman)
Represents twelve of the strongest companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,196,529	$1,800,5
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,	2,9,5
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,588,9	1 21,
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,30	26.
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,68	2,864,

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
☞ Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE,
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Oct. 31, 1901. tf *

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
☞ Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES W. RUNYON, C. M. CREVELING,
C. A. KLEIM, H. A. M'KILLIP,
DR. J. J. BROWN, DR. WM. M. REBER,
N. U. FUNK, GRANT HERRING,
W. S. MOYER.

Our directors are representative business and professional men and take an active interest in the welfare of the institution.

—THE—

Farmers Nat'l Bank,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Ent Building, Next to Court House.

WM. S. MOYER, PRESIDENT. A. H. BLOOM, CASHIER.

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.

Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in his section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons.

Republican Candidates.

The following persons have been placed in nomination for the several officers in Bloomsburg: President of Council, W. O Holmes; Members, Geo. M. Hughes, Thomas Webb, Jacob L. Wolverton; Constable, John W. Gibbs; School Director, Jas. C. Brown; Auditors, G. E. Wilbur, M. S. Broadt.

FIRST DISTRICT—R. D. Young, Judge of Election; Robert L. Runyon, Inspector of Election; Thomas Manning, Registry Assessor.

SECOND DISTRICT—John A. Fortner, Judge of Election; Charles Hyssong, Inspector of Election; Robert Morris, Registry Assessor.

THIRD DISTRICT—Wm. H. Webb, Judge of Election; H. J. Pursel, Inspector of Election; Horace Blue, Registry Assessor.

FOURTH DISTRICT—Michael T. Ohl, Judge of Election; Clark Kashner, Inspector of Election; Daniel Kashner, Registry Assessor.

FIRE CHIEFS ELECTED.

The postponed election of officers by the fire department was held last Monday night at Town Hall. Three candidates for Chief Engineer were announced. The ballot resulted as follows:

John W. Fortner	57
S. H. Harman	37
John W. Gross	13

Assistants were elected as follows:

First Assistant—Jacob Steiner, Friendship Fire Company.

Second Assistant—Isaiah Ohl, Rescue Hose Company.

Third Assistant—Horace Blue, Winona Fire Company.

Court Proceedings.

Court convened at 9:30 a. m., Monday, with His Honor R. R. Little and Associate Judges Fox and Kurtz on the bench.

Penn'a. Paper Mills vs. the Catawissa Water Company. In equity. Injunction granted. Hearing in open Court. Papers in hands of Court.

Court adjourned to meet Thursday, January 30, 1902, at the ringing of the bell.

Entertained a Hack Party.

A hack party from Bloomsburg were entertained at the home of Patrick McCaffrey, Ash street, Saturday night. In the party were: Misses Tillie Casey, Margaret Flaherty, Anna Laubach, Lizzie Girton, Gertie Hickey, Mary Lennon, Sara Logan, Messrs. Charles Casey, Edward Duffy, Arthur Casey, Michael Casey, James Lennon, Frank Casey and Dennis Sullivan.—*Danville News.*

Whether a woman's playing on the piano is called artistic depends on whether her friends know how much she paid for her music lessons.

BERWICK STORE COMPLETED.

JOHN H. BRUGLER, THE ARCHITECT.

The new building of the Berwick store company which has been in course of erection for many months past is now completed. It is one of the largest and most finely appointed store buildings in this section; and it was built under the supervision of and over the plans furnished by Architect J. H. Brugler of Danville

The building, which is a four story structure of brick and stone, 100x180 feet, consists in part of the old store building, which was thoroughly remodeled, and a large annex. It is equipped with hydraulic passenger and freight elevators from the first to the fourth floor, in addition to a "pavement drop" from the sidewalk to the cellar. On the first floor, in the centre of the room, near the elevator, is a large and very ornate soda fountain.

It is distinctively a department store, and as such will compare favorably with many of those in our larger cities.

The store when rightly down to business will employ 125 clerks. The American Car and Foundry company alone employs some 3000 men and the store does a business of $800,000 annually. On a single day recently business to the amount of $16,000 was transacted. The store is under the superintendence of Ray H. Davenport.

REVOLVING PICTURES.

At Orangeville Hall.

A revolving picture entertainment will be given in Orangeville Hall, for the benefit of the Orangeville M. E. Church, on Saturday evening, February 8th. It will include illustrated scenes from the Hotel Windsor fire in New York; the Comical Coon song "I'se don't care if you nebber come back." Prof. Varo in high-class and pleasing feats of mysteries; cloak effects, illustrated songs and recitations; the latest novelty, the revolving picture machine, humorous, surprising and bewildering.

Admission, 10 and 15 cents, reserved seats, 20 cents. Tickets can be procured of C. B. White.

Woman's Auxiliary.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the Diocese of Central Pennsylvania met in convention at Christ Church, Williamsport, yesterday. Mrs. D. N. Kirkby attended as a delegate from the woman's branch of St. Paul's Church, and the Junior Auxiliary was represented by Misses Lillian Barrett and Mary Hutchins. Mrs. Paul E. Wirt, Mrs. H. H. Grotz and Miss Lydia Drinker also attended as visitors.

Evangelical Services.

Sunday School 9:15, Preaching by Bishop W. M. Standford of Harrisburg, 10:30, Junior K. L. C. E. 2, Senior K. L. C. E. and Catechise 6 P. M. Preaching by the Bishop at 7. K. L. C. E. business meeting on Monday evening 7:30, Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening 7:00, Aid Society on Friday evening 7:30. A cordial invitation to all these services.

J. W. BENTZ, Pastor.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes delicious hot biscuit, rolls, crusts, griddle cakes and muffins.

A cream of tartar powder, absolutely pure.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

A SURPRISE PARTY.

The ladies of St. Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Catawissa, sprang a surprise on Mrs. C. A. Small on Friday evening.

The Ladies' Aid Society has bi-monthly meetings which meet at the home of members at 8 o'clock P. M. on Friday evenings and the home of Mrs. C. A. Small was the place of meeting for this occasion. She of course expected the meeting to take place at the appointed time but the other members in order to outdo her met at the home of Mrs. George Sc mick and proceeded to hold the meeting ahead of time and arrived at the place and time appointed at 5 o'clock P. M. heavily laden with good things to eat. Well to say the least the hostess was surprised to see the members come so early, but after the party assembled it did not take long before the proceedings commenced which were numerous.

The first thing in order was to prepare the table for the good things which were prepared for the occasion. The evening was enjoyed with the refreshments, games and the usual business of the society after which all repared to their homes having spent a very enjoyable evening. Those present were; Mr. and Mrs. Rev. U. Meyers, Prof. and Mrs. Rothrock, Mr. and Mrs. John Martz, Mesdames Tobias Berninger, William Berninger, Jr., Peter R. Baldy, William G. Yetter, William A. McCloughan, E. B. Guie, Zua Guie, Elizabeth Reinbolt, Mrs Frederick, C. F. Harder, Jane Harder, Catherine Gutegunst, Aaron Stadle, I. H. Seesholtz, Sarah Margarum, George W. Yetter, George Keller, Harry Fahringer, L. H. Fahringer, Lucy Bowers, Gertrude N. Miller, Charles Thomas, C. E. Geyer, J. H. Stricker, A. S. Truckenmiller, George B. Rhawn, A. F. Harman, Phineas Wintersteen, Clark Bowers, Henry Gellinger, Harry Clayton, Margaret Rinard, Wilson Richart, George Thomas, William Thomas, Alex Lillie, H. George Schmick, Minnie Shuman, John T. Burger, J. H. Rinard, John Banhart, Jennie Geiger, Rev. D. A. Henkle, Maurice Geiger, Birdie Burger and L. C. Mensch, Esq.

ONE PRESENT.

Mrs. Cleveland's Democracy.

HOW THE WOMAN WHO WON THE NATION'S HEART SURPRISED A NEW YORK BRAKEMAN.

A lady who knew Mrs. Cleveland quite well met her at the Grand Central Station in New York, recently, fairly laden down with parcels.

"You look a real old-fashioned Santa Claus," she said to Mrs. Cleveland.

"Oh, no, not quite that," was the reply, "for I have no toys in my parcels; they are filled with fruit that I am taking out to where I am staying, because they are very fond of these particular things and they can't be had out there."

When Mrs. Cleveland left the train her friend thought that she would give pleasure to the brakeman by telling him that he had "entertained an angel unawares."

So she said, "Did you see that lady on the platform with all those parcels?"

"Yes," said he, "what of her?"

"That's Mrs. Cleveland." The man refused to believe her. He could not believe that the wife of the ex-President, almost struggling with parcels, would be traveling alone in an ordinary day coach. Such simple democracy passed his belief.—February *Ladies' Home Journal.*

The Night Before Christmas.

The secret of the popularity of plays which picture the simplicity of country life is unquestionably due to the fact that we are only children at heart and none of us are so callous and worldly wise but that we love to live over again those happy days of early childhood amid the tranquil scenes of leafy lanes and breezy fields. It was with this object in view that the latest pastoral play "The Night Before Christmas" was written and produced and its instant success shows how true was the aim of its projectors. Crowded audiences have laughed and wept with the lovable, true to nature characters in the play and it is claimed that no one can see it without feeling better and purer for it. The date for the appearance of "The Night Before Christmas" in this city is next Thursday Jan. 30th, at the Bloomsburg Opera House.

Married.

HERRING — ACHENBACH.—On the 27th inst., at the Reformed parsonage, in Orangeville, by Rev. A. Houtz, Mr. Clinton A. Herring, Esq., and Miss Grace Achenbach, both of Orangeville.

Mr. Herring is a young lawyer of much promise and Miss Achenbach was a very acceptable clerk in the store of Mr. G. S. Fleckenstine. We heartily congratulate them on this auspicious occasion and bespeak for them a happy and prosperous voyage on the sea of matrimony.

FROM EAST BENTON.

G. M. Gibbons, of this place, owns a hen which deposited eggs as follows in circumference: 7⅞ by 6 inches, 7⅞ by 6¼, and 7¾ by 6, and it begins to look es though the hen is going to set up business according to the samples given.

William Campbell, of Register, of whom we made mention last week as getting his leg crushed at the oil works, died last Wednesday, January 22d, and was buried on Friday, the 24th. Amputation became necessary and he could not survive the operation.

On last Monday morning as O. B. Beishline and hired help were loading the steam engine of his portable saw mill, he narrowly escaped probably a fatal accident by the engine slipping on the skids, but was caught by some obstruction before falling and crushing him.

Mrs. Beishline, widow of Levi Beishline, late of Bendertown, died of appoplexy on Tuesday of last week, and was buried at St. James on Friday. She is survived by two sons, Daniel, of Nebraska, and Nathan, of Bendertown, and three daughters. She was aged 74 years, 2 months and 2 days.

One of the Sugarloaf jurors, of second week of Court, reported to us that large flocks of crows were rafting ice down the river during the flood of that week, presumably to exchange it at Haverdegrace and other points along the river for corn with ice dealers along the river line. It was said the crows were shouting, "Corn, corn, corn."

On last Saturday afternoon the oil well had reached a depth of about 275 feet. They struck salt water on last Friday and have shut off all the water, both fresh and salt, and are boring what they call a dry well. After casing the well as far as water was reached they are not bothered with water flowing it. Last Friday there was a gas explosion in the well. Hundreds of people visit it almost daily.

Yes, we think that Congress was right in pensioning ex-presidents $25,000 per year during the remainder of their natural lives. Congress is overwhelmingly Republican, and the only living ex president is Grover Cleveland. Surely, the Republican party owes old Grover that much for turning all the affairs of government into their hands. If it wasn't worth that much it wasn't worth anything. The tail end of the Republican kite must have a little breeze or it will lag entirely.

McClure's For February.

A Story by Miss Daskam, in the February McClure's.

Miss Josephine Dodge Daskam, the young writer whose work has become familiar to readers of almost all the better class of magazines, is a graduate of Smith College of the class of '98. Though so rapid her rise into favor has been very quiet. She has done nothing astonishingly ambitious. Her work consists chiefly of short stories. You may recognize her work almost anywhere by its humor, but nowhere else does this quality seem quite so spontaneous, quite so all of its own variety, as in the stories about children which she has contributed to *McClure's Magazine.* The latest of these is "Ardelia in Arcady," in the February number. Little Ardelia is the subject of a philanthropic experiment of the "fresh-air" type, but does not take at all kindly to it. Her sojourn in Arcady is cut very short. On her return she voices her disgust at Arcady with the one cockney comment, "Gee! N' York's the place." Miss Daskam is now giving readings from some of her stories which have come out in *McClure's* and which will appear in book form in the spring.

Will Install Blood Hounds.

Francis Woll, who recently established a skunk farm on Montour Ridge, has ordered two large blood hounds to keep away intruders. It will be remembered that some miscreants recently invaded his premises, slaughtering and carrying away the pelts of all the skunks installed.

The skunks hereafter will be confined in a central inclosure, which will be surrounded by a circular range, also enclosed, for the hounds. Under the circumstances it would require an individual with a good deal of nerve to trespass upon the premises so as to interfere with the skunks. —*Montour American.*

European Potatoes.

A CAR LOAD FROM BELGIUM.

Owing to the failure of the crop in this country large quantities of potatoes are being shipped from Europe John F. Tooley, through W. S. Reed, of Bloomsburg, purchased a car load of potatoes from Belgium. The car load was the part of a cargo of 200,000 bushels which recently arrived at New York. H. M. Schoch has been selling potatoes brought from Scotland during the past week. Potatoes are also being shipped to this country from Ireland.—*Danville News.*

DOWN GO THE PRICES ANOTHER NOTCH.

These Goods Must be Sold.

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I. W. HARTMAN RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

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Dissolution Sale Prices.

COATS, CAPES AND SKIRTS.

Ladies' Black Coat, ¾ length, good Kersey, well lined. Regular price, $17.50. Dissolution sale, $12.00.

Ladies' Black and Castor Coats, all new this season. Were $10.00, Dissolution sale, $6.95.

Plush Capes, well lined, full sweep, new this season. Were $5.00, Dissolution sale, $3.45.

Plush Capes, long and better than above, and also new this season. Were $10.00, Dissolution sale, $6.95.

Ladies' Black and Castor Coats, all new this season. Were $5.00, Dissolution sale, $3.45.

Ladies' Silk Skirt, good Black Taffeta, well lined and nicely trimmed, new. Was $12.50, Dissolution sale, $8.95.

$1.00 All Wool Skirts—red and grey stripe—Dissolution sale, 74c.

DRESS GOODS.

All Wool Plaid Dress Goods, 38 ins. wide. Regular price, 50c. Dissolution sale, 31c. a yard.

Wool Dress Goods, in large variety of colors and patterns. Regular price, 50c., Dissolution sale, 31c. a yard.

50 in. Cloths, variety of colors. Never sold for less than $1.00, Dissolution sale, 69c. a yard.

Black Figured Dress Goods, all wool. Was 59c. a yard, Dissolution sale, 44c. a yard.

RIBBONS.

Silk Ribbons and Velvet Ribbons, formerly sold at 15 to 39c. a yard, Dissolution sale, 10c. a yard.

FLANNELS.

Tucked and Corded Flannels, for waists. Were 75c. a yard, Dissolution sale, 59c. a yard.

LACES.

Lot of Laces, in white, cream, or black. Were sold at 15c. to 40c. a Yd., Dissolution sale, 10c. a yard.

Torchon Laces and Insertions. Were 5 to 8c. a yard, Dissolution sale, 3½c. a yard.

LADIES' SUIT.

Black Cheviot, new this season, at $15.00. Dissolution sale, $9.75.

UNDERWEAR.

Children's Muslin Drawers, all sizes. Were 10c. to 15c., Dissolution sale, 9c.

Children's Ribbed Fleeced Shirts and Drawers. Were 25 to 40c., Dissolution sale, 19c.

FANCY SILKS.

75c. Fancy Silks, large variety of patterns and colors. Dissolution sale, 59c. a yard.

59c. Fancy Silks, quantity is limited now and every day grows less. Dissolution sale, 39c. a yard.

GLOVES

50c. Golf Gloves, for men and women. Dissolution sale, 35c.

BLANKETS.

$7.50 All Wool White Blankets—blue, pink, yellow border—Dissolution sale, $5.00.

$5.00 White Blankets, 11-4 size—blue, pink, red border—Dissolution sale, $3.50 a pair.

INFANT'S DRESSES.

39c Infant's White Dresses, slightly soiled, Dissolution sale, 25c.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWAISTS.

50c. Children's Underwaists, all sizes, but not large quantity. Dissolution sale, 25c.

STOCKINGS.

25c Ladies' Fancy Stockings, all sizes, all colors. Dissolution sale, 19c. a pair.

OUTING FLANNELS.

10c. Outing Flannels, Dissolution sale, 8c.

12c. Outing Flannels, Dissolution sale, 10c.

WRAPPERS.

$1.00 Wrappers, Dissolution sale, 74c.

$1.25 Wrappers, Dissolution sale, 95c.

NIGHT DRESSES.

Night Dresses were $1.25, $1.29, $1.39. Dissolution sale, $1.00.

Night Dresses were $2.75, $2.95, to $3.50. Dissolution sale, $2.25.

MUSLIN DRAWERS.

Open or closed, were 75 to 89c. Dissolution sale, 66c.

TURKISH TOWELS.

Unbleached Turkish Towels, extra large and heavy. Dissolution sale, 22c. a pair.

4½c. A YARD.

874 yards Unbleached Muslin, full yard wide. If not for this dissolution sale you'd have to pay 6c. a yard or more for the equal. Come for it. We want to sell it. You need it. 4½c. Yd.

3¾c. A YARD.

For 982 yards of Apron Ginghams, assorted styles, which cost us more than you have to pay at this Dissolution Sale. 3¾c. a yard.

You Need Our Goods, We Need Your Money.

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I. W. HARTMAN & SON,

BLOOMSBURG. PA.

ORANGEVILLE NEWS.

Mr. Hall and his son Joseph were in town over Sunday.

The Democrats held a caucus in Amos Neyhard's Hall on Monday evening.

An evening of music. One hundred participants. Academy Hall, February 22.

The Free Masons held their regular meeting in Harman's Hall on Monday evening.

Dr. Martyn was away on Sunday last and Mr. Williams, of Bucknell University, filled his pulpit.

Local Institute at Millville in a short time. Farmer's Institute here on February 12 and 13.

Some of our business men are considering the advisability of starting a canning factory in this town.

Ralph Brewer, who has been working in Berwick for the last six months, spent Sunday with his parents on Pine street.

Rev. Tubbs has begun his meetings. Let every member of the church attend regularly and bring some friend with him.

David Sloan, son of E. H. Sloan, is ill with a very bad cold. We hope his illness will not prove long or serious, and that he will soon be out again.

If you want anything clean and fresh in the oyster line, go to Joe Keller's on Pine street. You will be satisfied with anything you purchase of him.

On Saturday evening last the Odd Fellows held a meeting in their hall which was attended by nearly seventy members, many out-of-town members being present. The meeting was decidedly interesting and much work was accomplished.

"East Lynne" was given last Saturday evening in Academy Hall and it was a decided success. The hall was so crowded that standing room could not be found for all who wished to attend. The proceeds amounted to about sixty-five dollars and will be devided equally among the three churches.

Mr. Clinton Herring and Miss Grace Achenbach were united in marriage on Monday evening by the Rev. Mr. Houtz at the parsonage. After the ceremony the happy couple was serenaded by the band, to which Mr. Herring liberally responded. We wish them all happiness and bliss in their life.

Leases, 3c each, 30c a dozen. Notices to quit, 10c a dozen. For sale at this office. tf.

Some Ways to Stop Nose-Bleed.

Have the child sit up straight, and hold the nostrils tightly together. Wrap a small piece of ice in a little cotton wool and gently rub the outside of the nose with it. If this does not stop it you may have the child raise his arms above his head and put a wad of tissue paper under his upper lip, holding it there firmly. Do not allow the child to blow his nose for some time after the bleeding has stopped. If the attacks are frequent consult a good physician, as there may be some disease of the blood or blood-vessels which should be treated before things have gone too far.—*February Ladies' Home Journal.*

Deeds.

A new lot of deeds have just been printed at this office, conforming to the Act of 1901. They are as good as the best, and cheaper than some. Price, 6 cents each, or 5 for 25 cents. Orders filled by mail on receipt of the cash. tf.

Death.

BEISHLINE.—In Fishingcreek Twp., on January 21, 1902, Mrs. Maria Beishline, aged 74 years, 4 months and 20 days.

SHOES.

That wear well, look well, and are comfortable.

The Herrick Shoe, for women, at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

"Try Me" Shoe, for women, $2.00.

Box Calf Shoes, for women, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00. All leather.

The W. L. Douglas Shoes for men, full line.

If you want solid comfort buy our Government Shoe $2.50.

W. H. MOORE,

Cor. Main and Iron Sts.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.